ENERGY LOGISTICS & DISTRIBUTION

Industry In-Sight[™]

FALL / WINTER 2021













The Voice of the Energy Supply Chain



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All charts in this report are updated to the latest information available at the time of publication. Due to differing reporting dates for various data used throughout the report, all charts are not updated to the same ending period.





INTRODUCTION ... About This Report

We are pleased to offer this periodic report which provides a comprehensive compilation of energy information, insights and data. It aggregates critical planning and forecasting information from a myriad of sources into one resource for energy supply chain analysts and decision-makers.

The energy supply chain is an increasingly complex network of upstream, midstream and downstream providers of construction, equipment, materials and services. As shale gas-oil and renewable energy continue to expand in the U.S., additional infrastructure is needed to connect the new sources to the current network of pipelines, storage and transmission stations. Current and new members of the supply chain will need to expand in order to build and service the additional infrastructure.

We define the Energy Logistics & Distribution Industry as any energy production, transportation and storage activities that take place from the well-head to the refinery or gas processing plant through delivery to the end user. Industry members include: producers and distributors of oil and natural gas, natural gas liquids, refined fuels and propane; energy storage and pipeline operators; oil and gas field services; producers and distributors of lubricants, oils, greases and fluids; service contractors, capital equipment manufacturers; materials suppliers; as well as logistics, transportation and maintenance providers.

Segments covered in this Industry In-Sight™ include:

- Crude oil and refined products, natural gas, liquefied natural gas (LNG), natural gas liquids including propane and heating/fuel oil, as well as drilling activity.
- Renewables, including solar, wind, hydropower and ethanol.
- Logistics, including storage and terminals, pipelines, trucking, shipping and rail.
- Economic and financial data pertinent to the Energy Logistics & Distribution Industry.

It is our intention that this publication will provide value in the following areas:

- Aggregate Information The Data Center provides comprehensive statistics on the Energy Logistics & Distribution Industry including, among others: prices (domestic and international), production, consumption, inventory, imports/exports, LNG terminals, drilling activity, solar and wind capacities, energy consumption by sector and source, tank and underground storage capacities and utilization, pipeline mileage and trucking conditions. In all, the report offers more than 70 individual charts covering these topics and more. All charts in this report are updated to the latest information available at the time of publication.
- Input to Business Decisions As a relevant and informative reference for use when contemplating decisions that will have a meaningful impact on your business. Accordingly, we welcome any input, feedback and suggestions to help us include meaningful and timely topical content in future publications. We especially would like to receive suggestions for ideas on Hot Topics in the Energy Logistics & Distribution Industry.
- Identification of Opportunities The breadth of information provided will enable owners and operators of energy logistics businesses to track developments in energy segments outside of their day-to-day focus.
- Public and Transaction Comparables by Segment This section provides the tracking of a cross-section of publicly-traded companies and transactions in various segments of the Energy Logistics & Distribution Industry. The data include operating metrics, such as revenues and EBITDA (earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization); and valuation analyses such as total enterprise value / latest twelve months revenues and total enterprise value / latest twelve months EBITDA.

Thank you for taking the time to review this Energy Logistics & Distribution Industry In-Sight™. Our goal is to provide the most comprehensive and beneficial information possible. Please forward your feedback and suggestions to any member of the Jordan Knauff & Company or Energy Equipment & Infrastructure Alliance team members listed on the last two pages of this report.

INTRODUCTION

Who is the Energy Equipment & Infrastructure Alliance (EEIA)?

EEIA ... The Voice of the Energy Supply Chain

The energy supply chain is over 120,000 companies in sixty industries, annually contributing more than \$170 billion to the U.S. economy, with hundreds of thousands of workers in communities throughout every state of the union. They provide construction, well services, capital equipment, supplies, logistics, professional services and technology in support of energy operations. They build energy infrastructure including production sites, transmission infrastructure, pipelines, storage facilities, processing plants and export terminals.

The shale energy revolution is transforming prosperity, security and quality of life in America. In a few short years, it has brought rising employment, income and opportunity to workers and businesses of all sizes and in all fifty states, often to communities that until recently have known limited prospects for growth. It has given Americans a cleaner environment, lower energy costs, renewed national competitiveness and energy security.

Creating a supportive public and policymaker environment for this miracle depends on active public engagement by energy supply chain stakeholders -- the non-oil and gas companies where energy-driven jobs and opportunities are greatest.

EEIA is that voice. EEIA mobilizes and leads the North American supply chain in pursuit of government policies that support full development of our energy resources, while protecting public health, safety and the environment. It also works for widespread public support for energy development.

EEIA is active on all fronts: federal and state legislative, regulatory, judicial and public opinion. Its strength is based upon the supply chain's enormous fifty-state contributions to jobs, economic growth and community prosperity. EEIA conducts economic research that measures and reports the facts about the energy supply chain's tremendous contributions to the American economy.

EEIA is an organization of leading supply chain companies, trade associations and labor organizations. It is the voice of the businesses and workers of America's energy miracle.













INTRODUCTION

Who is Jordan Knauff & Company (JKC)?

JKC was founded in 2001 to undertake a distinct mission: to assemble and maintain a staff of topnotch investment banking personnel and offer their knowledge and experience to provide the best available investment banking services to middle-market companies, the entrepreneurs that lead them and the financial entities that transact with them. JKC has been active within the Energy Logistics & Distribution Industry as operators, investors, board members and investment bankers prior to the firm's founding in 2001.

On a combined basis, over the course of their careers our employees have completed over 200 transactions as investors, owners, operators, buyers, sellers and investment bankers of middle-market businesses across a variety of industries. The majority of our firm's broad transaction experience has been with private companies owned by one shareholder, a partnership, a family or private equity investors.

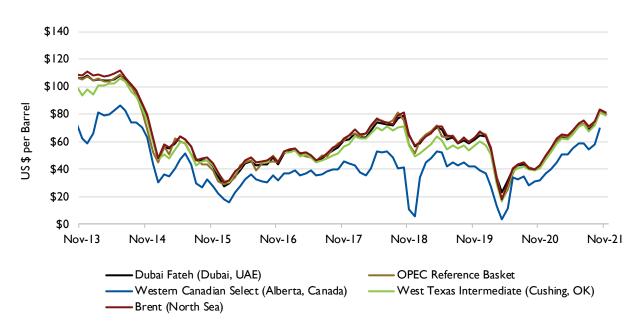
Experience has taught us that the owners and executives of middle-market businesses tend to have very different needs and goals in capital transactions from those that are common to capital events related to larger companies. Our personnel apply their considerable expertise to accomplish important goals: delivery of successful outcomes for our clients. Pursuant to that, we direct and manage all aspects of the capital transaction process, assist our clients with the management of important constituents (employees, customers, vendors and lenders), act as a teammate to other important client advisors (legal counsel, accountant, tax advisor) and collaborate with transaction counsel in the negotiations with the parties on the other side of the transaction.

The Services We Provide

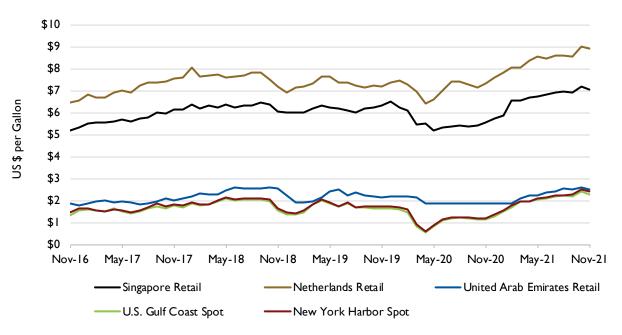
- Sell Companies: Generate a liquidity event on behalf of the owner(s) through whole, majority, or minority sale of assets, stock or units.
- Raise Capital: Representation of companies, management teams and entrepreneurs in the raising of senior debt, mezzanine debt or equity capital. Proceeds may be used for a variety of reasons, including, among others, recapitalizations, funding of growth, funding of acquisitions or liquidity for owners and investors.
- Acquisition Advisory: Assistance in sourcing and closing acquisitions -- whether it be a single transaction or a series of acquisitions as part of a consolidation strategy in an Industry Development ProjectTM (IDP) a proprietary method for assisting private equity groups, companies or private investors that want to pursue multiple non-auction transactions within a single industry.
- Strategic Business Services: A suite of services for middle-market business owners and executives. Comprised of three components Company Specific Valuation, Capital Road Map® and Strategic Industry Analysis these services can be packaged together or used on an à la carte basis.

OIL

CRUDE OIL PRICES (MONTHLY AVERAGE) (1)



GASOLINE PRICES (MONTHLY AVERAGE) (2)

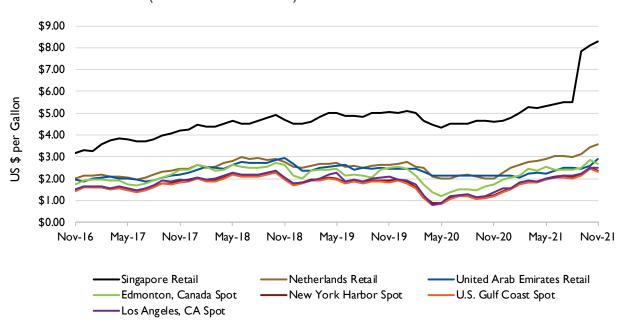




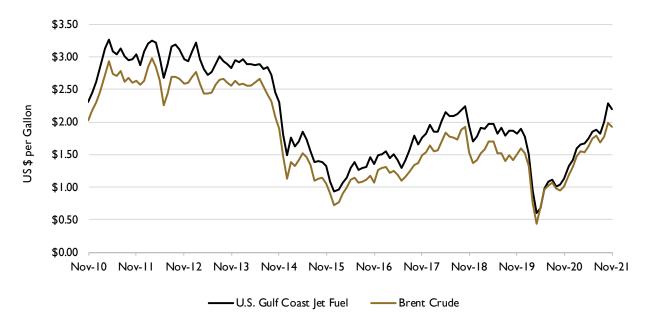


OIL

DIESEL PRICES (MONTHLY AVERAGE) (3)

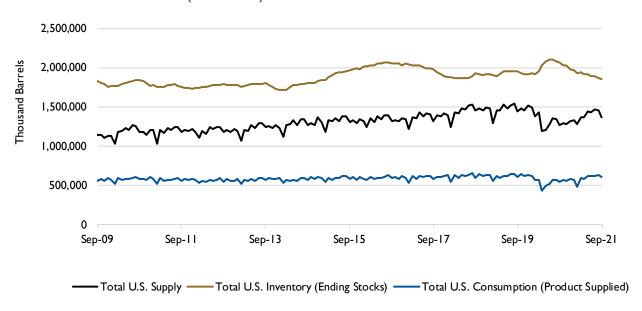


JET FUEL PRICES (MONTHLY AVERAGE) (4)

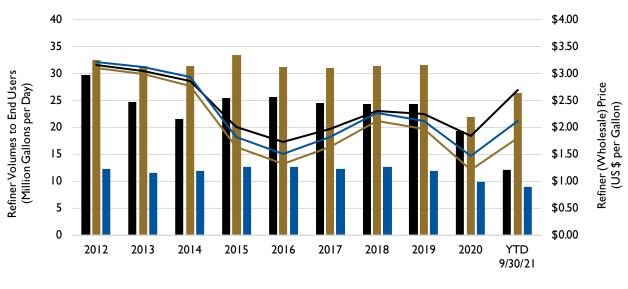


OIL

U.S. CRUDE OIL AND PETROLEUM PRODUCTS SUPPLY, INVENTORY AND CONSUMPTION (MONTHLY) $^{(5)}$



U.S. REFINERY VOLUMES AND WHOLESALE PRICES OF PETROLEUM PRODUCTS (ANNUAL AVERAGE) (6)



■ Motor Gasoline ■ Kerosene Type Jet Fuel ■ No. 2 Diesel Fuel

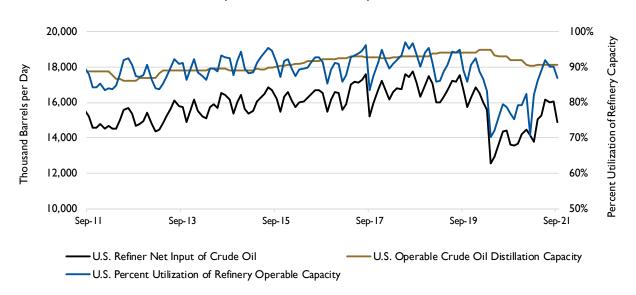
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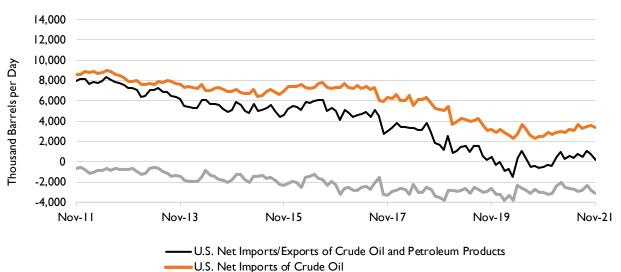


OIL

U.S. CRUDE OIL REFINERY INPUT, DISTILLATION CAPACITY AND REFINERY UTILIZATION (MONTHLY AVERAGE) (7)

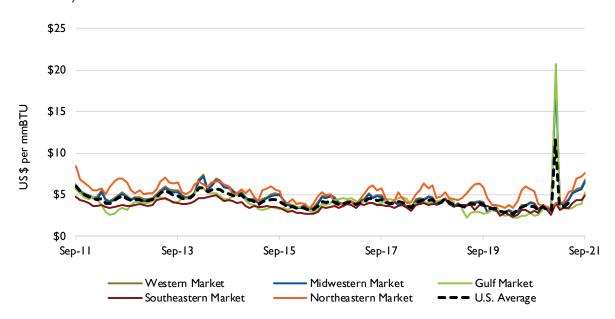


U.S. CRUDE OIL AND PETROLEUM PRODUCTS IMPORTS AND EXPORTS (Monthly Average) (8)

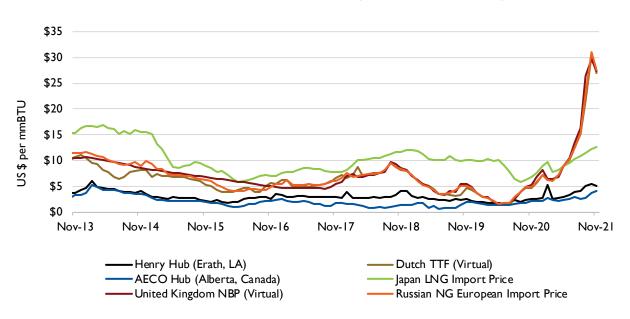


U.S. Net Imports of Crude Oil
U.S. Net Imports of Petroleum Products

Domestic Natural Gas Citygate Prices per Region (Monthly Average) $^{(9)}$



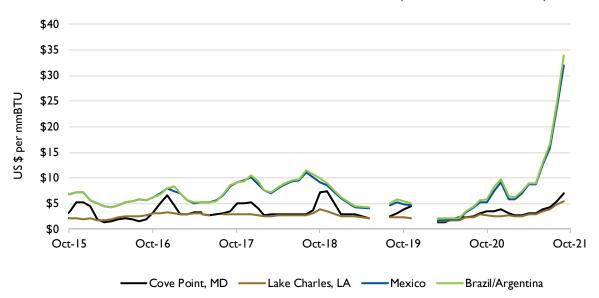
INTERNATIONAL NATURAL GAS PRICES (MONTHLY AVERAGE) (10)



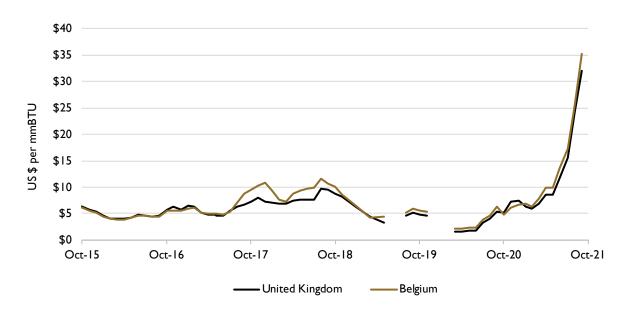




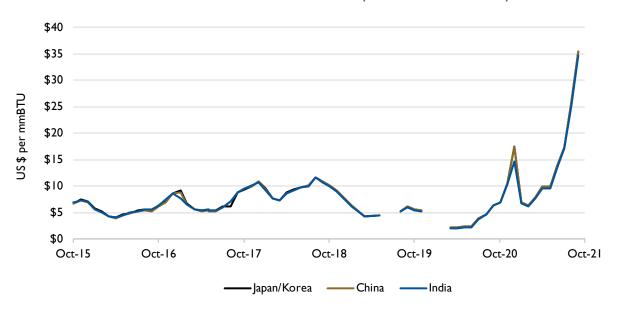
AMERICAS LIQUEFIED NATURAL GAS PRICES (MONTHLY AVERAGE) (11)



WESTERN EUROPE LIQUEFIED NATURAL GAS PRICES (MONTHLY AVERAGE) (12)



ASIA LIQUEFIED NATURAL GAS PRICES (MONTHLY AVERAGE) (13)



WORLD LIQUEFIED NATURAL GAS PRICES MAP (MONTHLY AVERAGE) (14)

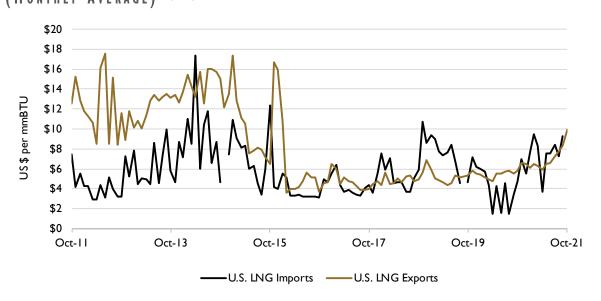




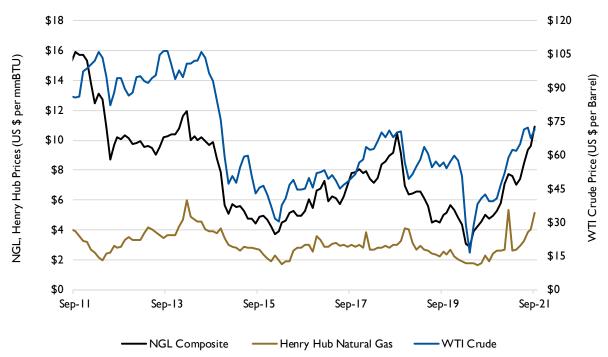


NATURAL GAS

U.S. IMPORT / EXPORT LIQUEFIED NATURAL GAS PRICES (Monthly Average) $^{\left(15\right)}$

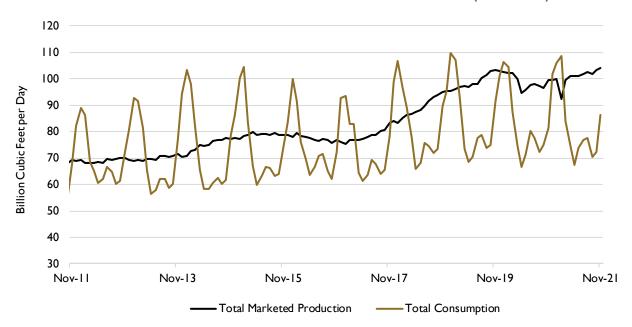


NATURAL GAS PLANT LIQUIDS PRICES (MONTHLY AVERAGE) (16)

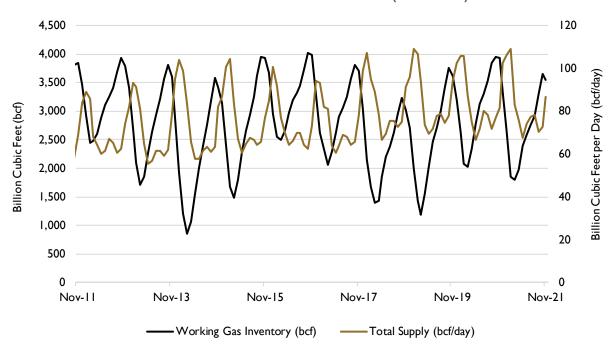


NATURAL GAS

U.S. NATURAL GAS PRODUCTION AND CONSUMPTION (MONTHLY) (17)



U.S. NATURAL GAS SUPPLY AND INVENTORY (MONTHLY) (18)

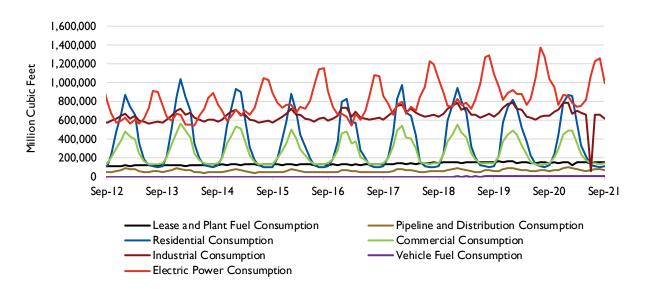


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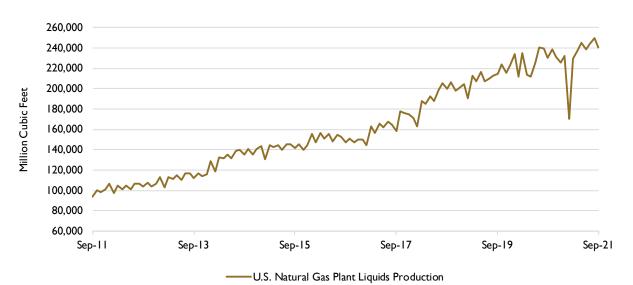




U.S. NATURAL GAS CONSUMPTION BY END USE (MONTHLY) (19)

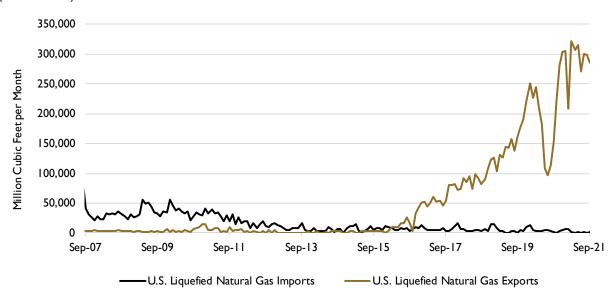


U.S. NATURAL GAS PLANT LIQUIDS PRODUCTION (MONTHLY) (20)

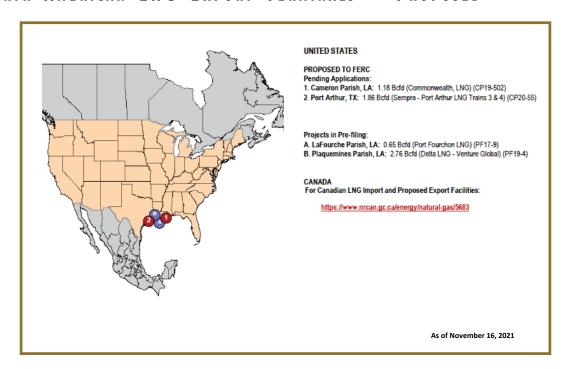


NATURAL GAS

U.S. LIQUEFIED NATURAL GAS IMPORT AND EXPORT VOLUMES (MONTHLY) $^{(21)}$



NORTH AMERICAN LNG EXPORT TERMINALS — PROPOSED (22)



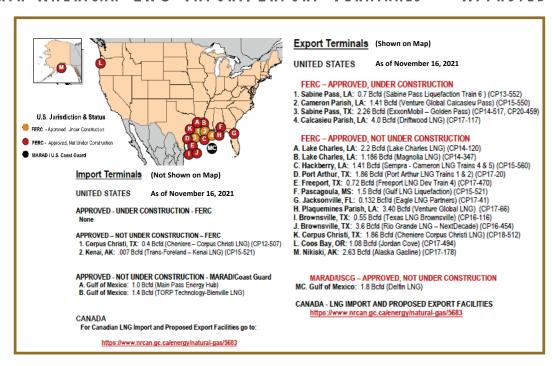
18



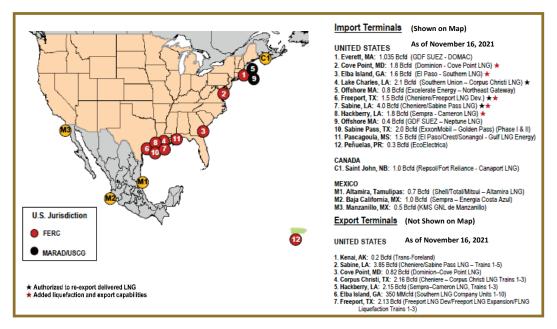


NATURAL GAS

NORTH AMERICAN LNG IMPORT/EXPORT TERMINALS — APPROVED (23)

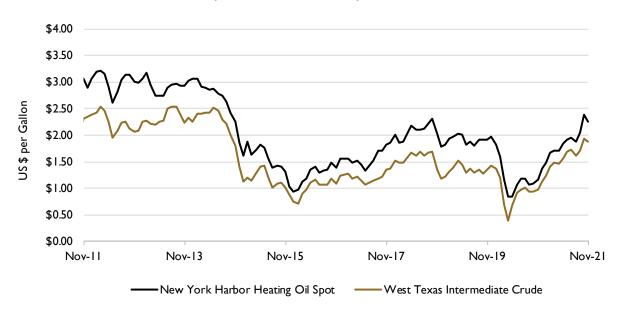


North American LNG Import/Export Terminals — Existing (24)

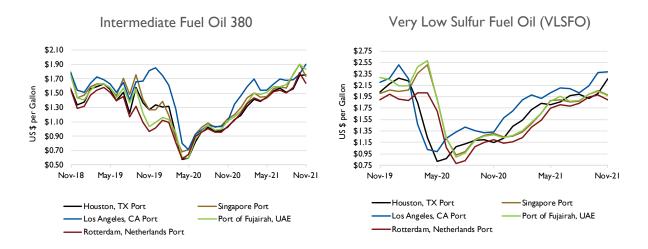


PROPANE AND HEATING/FUEL OIL

HEATING OIL PRICES (MONTHLY AVERAGE) (25)



INTERMEDIATE FUEL OIL AKA "BUNKER FUEL" PRICES (MONTHLY AVERAGE) (26)

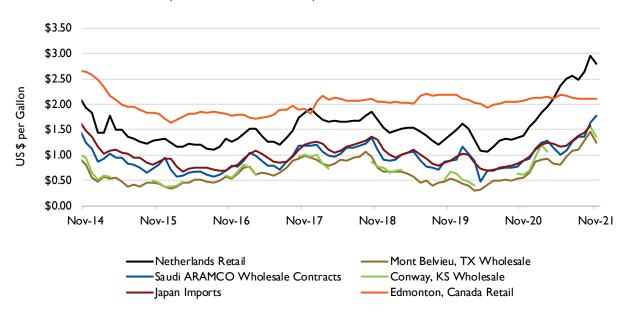




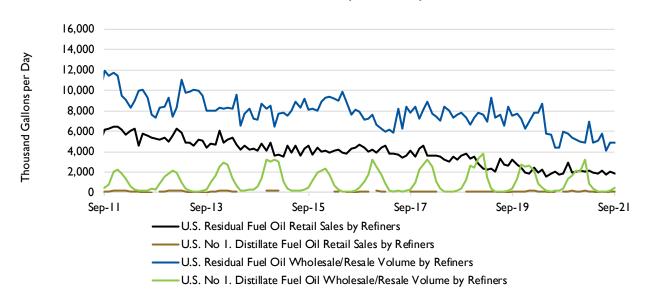


PROPANE AND HEATING/FUEL OIL

PROPANE PRICES (MONTHLY AVERAGE) (27)

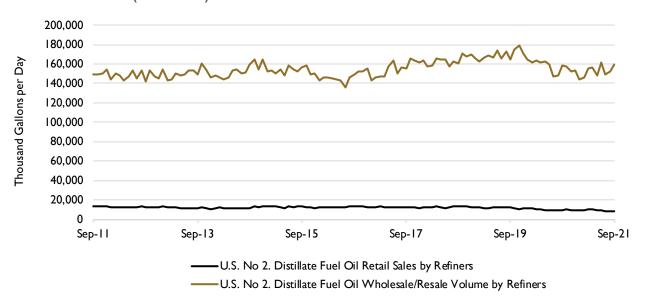


NO. I DISTILLATE FUEL OIL, RESIDUAL FUEL OIL WHOLESALE, RETAIL SALES VOLUME BY REFINERS (MONTHLY) (28)

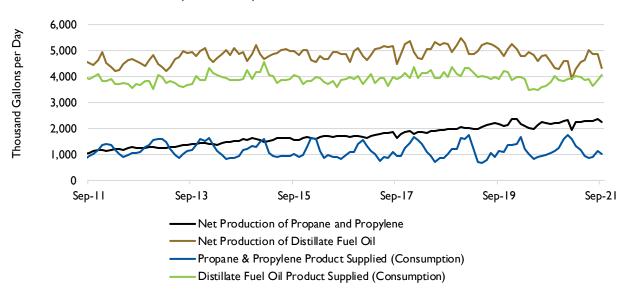


PROPANE AND HEATING/FUEL OIL

No. 2 DISTILLATE FUEL OIL WHOLESALE, RETAIL SALES VOLUME BY REFINERS (MONTHLY) $^{(29)}$



PROPANE & PROPYLENE AND DISTILLATE FUEL OIL PRODUCTION AND CONSUMPTION (MONTHLY) (30)

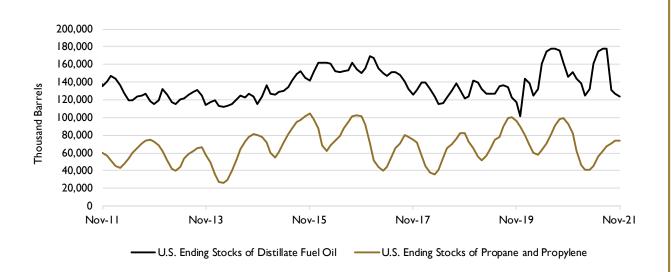






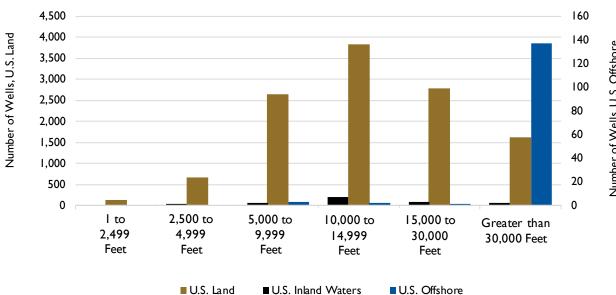
PROPANE AND HEATING/FUEL OIL

U.S. ENDING STOCKS OF PROPANE & PROPYLENE AND DISTILLATE FUEL OIL (Monthly Average) (31)

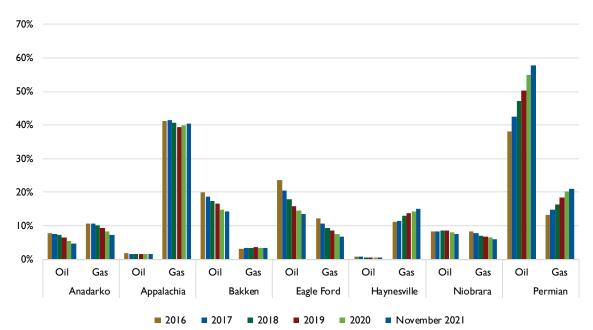


DRILLING ACTIVITY

U.S. WELL STARTS BY DEPTH (YEAR TO DATE AUGUST 31, 2021) (32)



Percentage of Crude Oil and Natural Gas Production per Shale Region (Annual) $^{(3\,3)}$



24 www.eeia.org www.jordanknauff.com

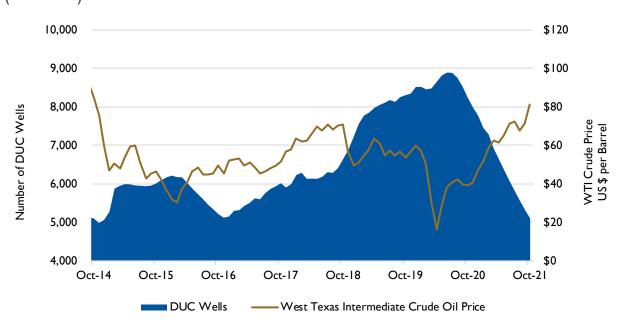
Number of Wells, U.S. Offshore, U.S. Inland Waters



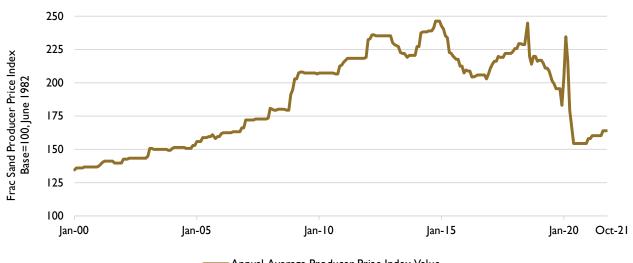


DATA CENTER DRILLING ACTIVITY

Drilled but Uncompleted (DUC) Wells vs. Crude Oil Price (Monthly) $^{(3\,4)}$



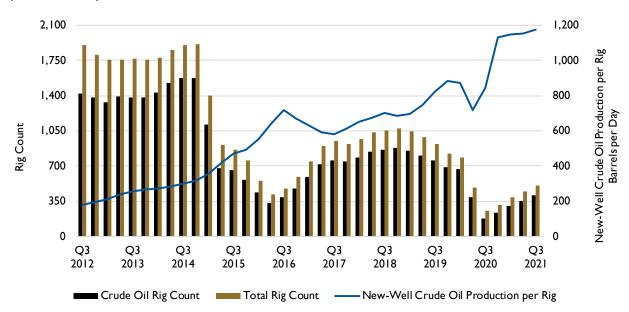
HYDRAULIC FRACTURING SAND PRODUCER PRICE INDEX (Monthly) (35)



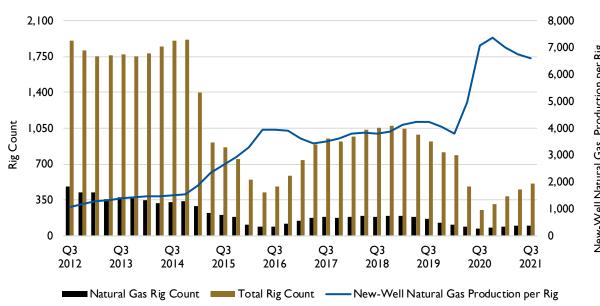
Annual Average Producer Price Index Value

DRILLING ACTIVITY

CRUDE OIL PRODUCTION, RIG COUNT AND PRODUCTION PER RIG (QUARTERLY) (36)



NATURAL GAS PRODUCTION, RIG COUNT AND PRODUCTION PER RIG (QUARTERLY) (37)



New-Well Natural Gas Production per Rig Thousand Cubic Feetper Day

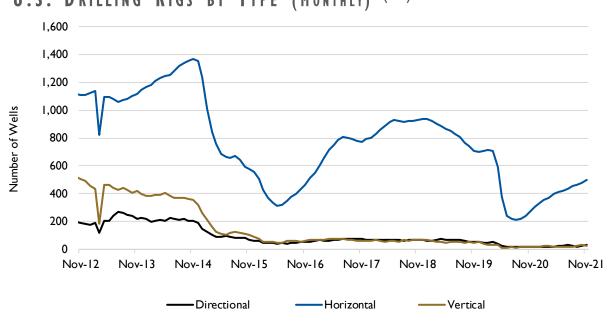
26





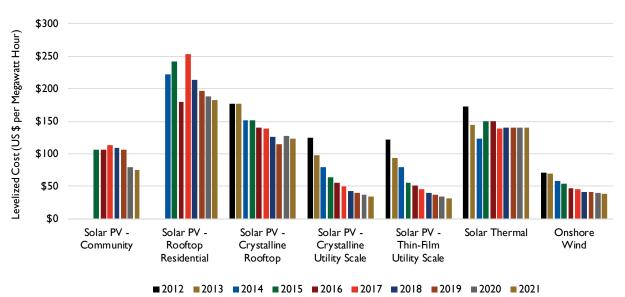
DATA CENTER DRILLING ACTIVITY

U.S. DRILLING RIGS BY TYPE (MONTHLY) (38)



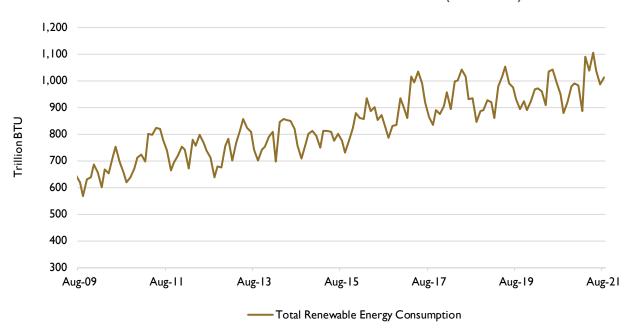
RENEWABLES

WIND AND SOLAR PRICES (ANNUAL AVERAGE) (39)

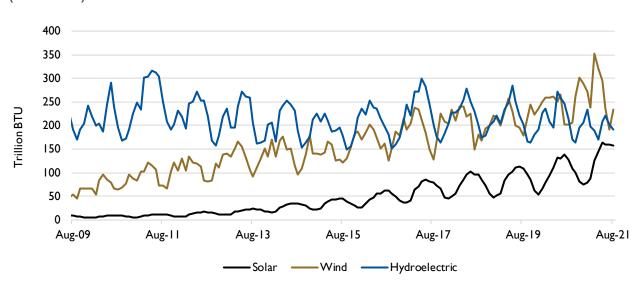


RENEWABLES

U.S. TOTAL RENEWABLE ENERGY CONSUMPTION (MONTHLY) (40)



U.S. SOLAR, WIND AND HYRDOELECTRIC ENERGY CONSUMPTION $(MONTHLY)^{(41)}$

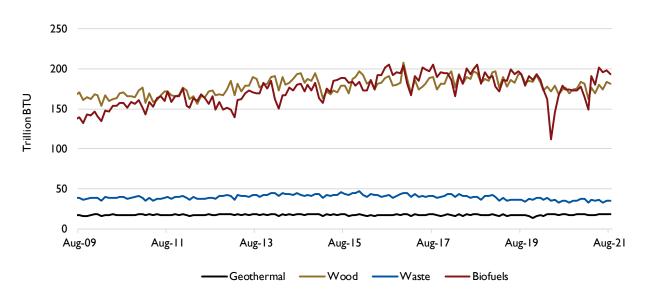




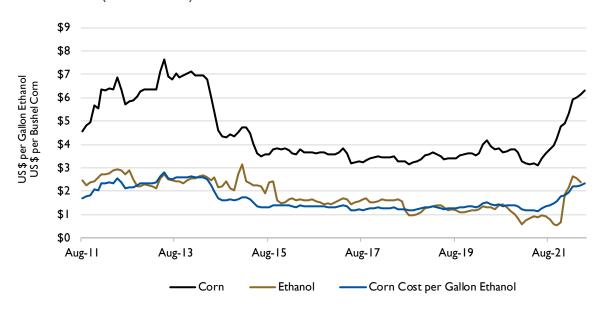


RENEWABLES

U.S. WOOD, WASTE, BIOFUELS AND GEOTHERMAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION (MONTHLY) $^{(42)}$

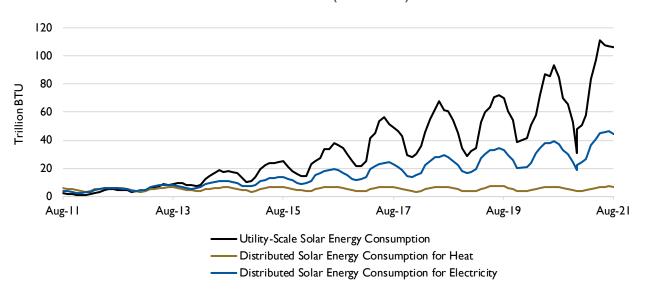


CORN AND ETHANOL PRICES AND CORN COST PER GALLON OF ETHANOL (QUARTERLY) (43)

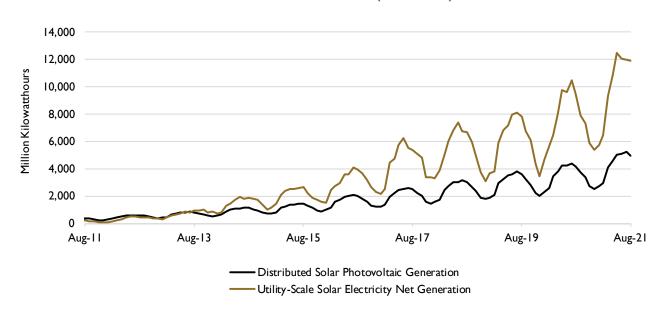


RENEWABLES

U.S. SOLAR ENERGY CONSUMPTION (MONTHLY) (44)



U.S. SOLAR ENERGY NET GENERATION (MONTHLY) (45)

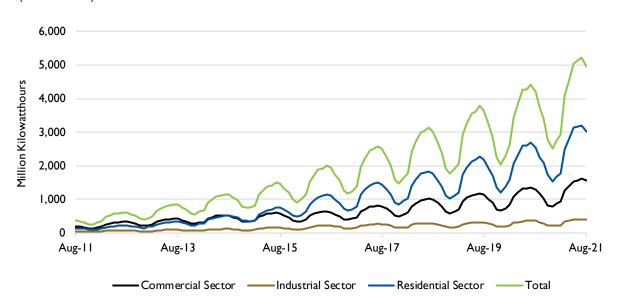




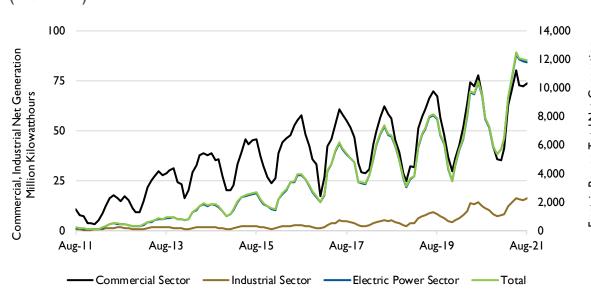


RENEWABLES

DISTRIBUTED SOLAR PHOTOVOLTAIC GENERATION BY SECTOR (Monthly) $^{(46)}$



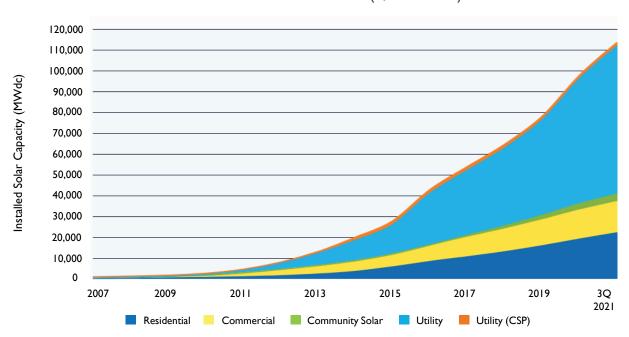
Utility-Scale Solar Electricity Net Generation by Sector (Monthly) $^{(47)}$



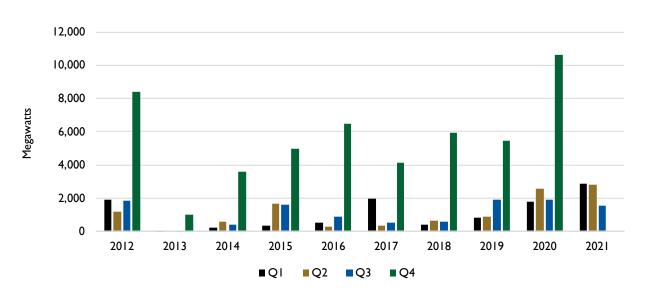
Esectric Power, Total Net Generation Million Kilowatthours

DATA CENTER RENEWABLES

U.S. CUMULATIVE SOLAR INSTALLATIONS (QUARTERLY) (48)



U.S. WIND POWER CAPACITY INSTALLATIONS (QUARTERLY) (49)

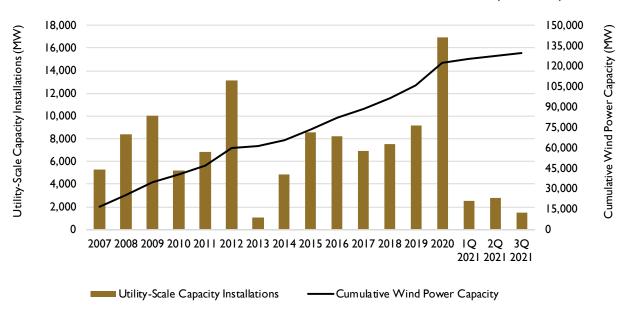




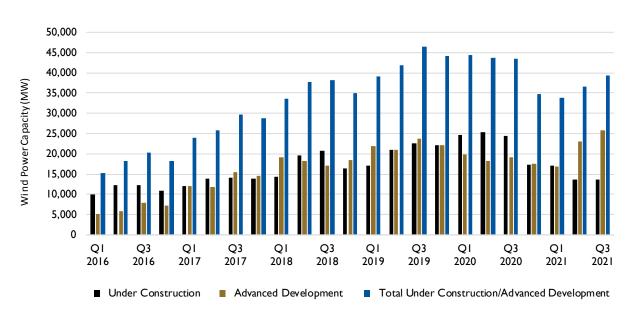


DATA CENTER RENEWABLES

UTILITY-SCALE WIND POWER CAPACITY INSTALLATIONS (ANNUAL) (50)

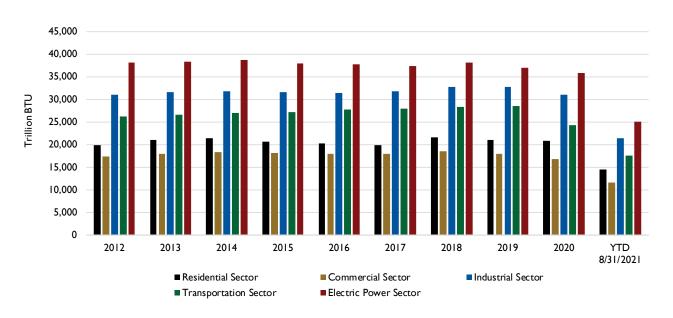


WIND POWER UNDER CONSTRUCTION OR IN ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT (QUARTERLY) (51)

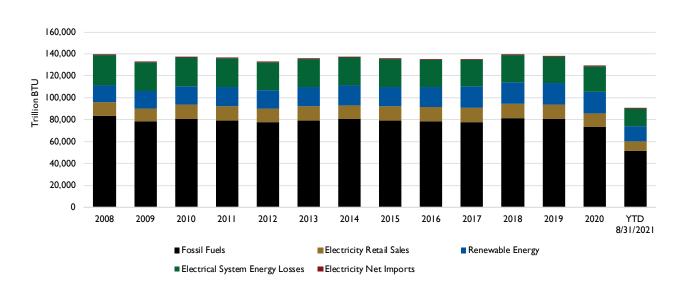


U.S. AGGREGATED ENERGY CONSUMPTION

ENERGY CONSUMPTION BY SECTOR (ANNUAL) (52)



ENERGY CONSUMPTION BY SOURCE (ANNUAL) (53)

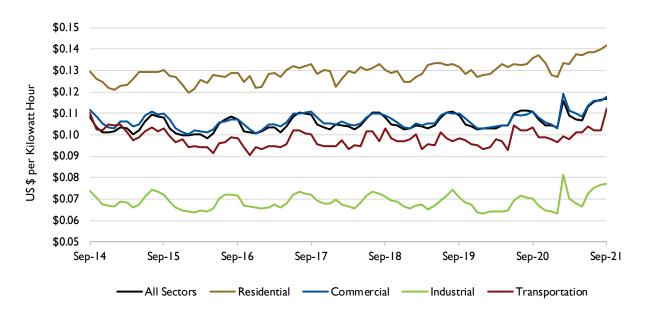






U.S. AGGREGATED ENERGY CONSUMPTION

ELECTRICITY PRICES BY SECTOR (MONTHLY AVERAGE) (54)



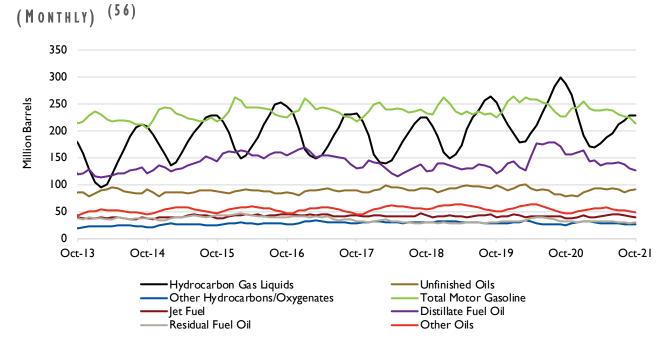
LOGISTICS - STORAGE AND TERMINALS

COMMERCIAL CRUDE OIL INVENTORY (MONTHLY) (55)



—U.S. Ending Stocks (Inventory) of Commercial Crude Oil

PETROLEUM AND OTHER LIQUIDS COMMERCIAL INVENTORY

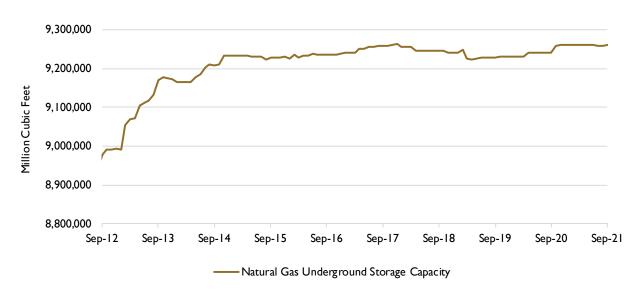




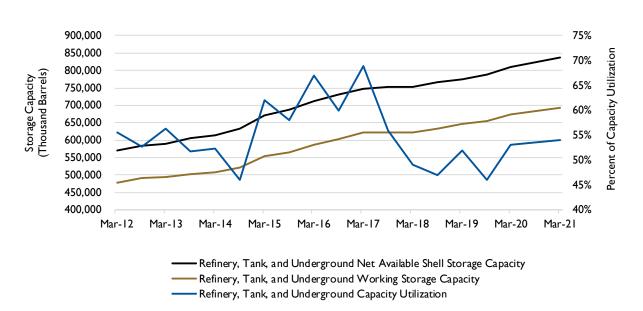


LOGISTICS - STORAGE AND TERMINALS

NATURAL GAS UNDERGROUND STORAGE CAPACITY (MONTHLY) (57)

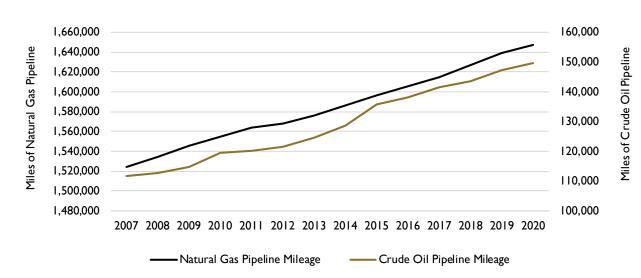


COMMERCIAL CRUDE OIL REFINERY, TANK AND UNDERGROUND STORAGE CAPACITY AND UTILIZATION (ANNUAL) (58)

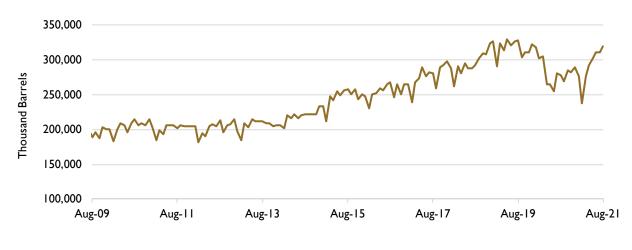


LOGISTICS - PIPELINES

CRUDE OIL AND NATURAL GAS PIPELINE MILEAGE (ANNUAL) (59)



Crude Oil and Petroleum Products Pipeline Movements Between Petroleum Administration for Defense Districts (PADDs) (Monthly) (60)



—— Crude Oil and Petroleum Products Pipeline Movements Between PADDs

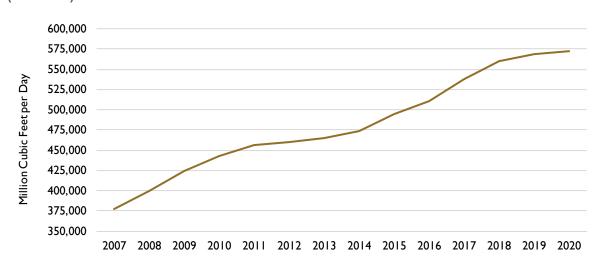
38





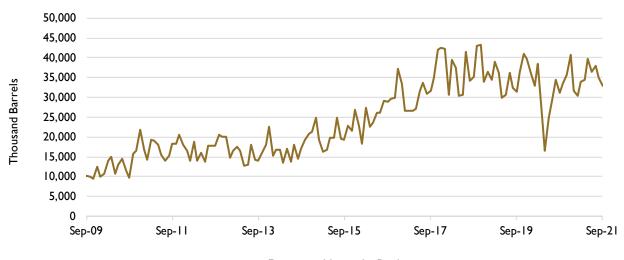
LOGISTICS - PIPELINES

NATURAL GAS CUMULATIVE INTERSTATE PIPELINE SYSTEMS CAPACITY (Annual) (61)



——Cumulative Interstate Pipeline Systems Capacity

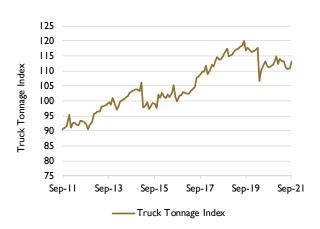
CRUDE OIL AND PETROLEUM PRODUCTS EXPORTS TO MEXICO (Monthly) $^{(62)}$



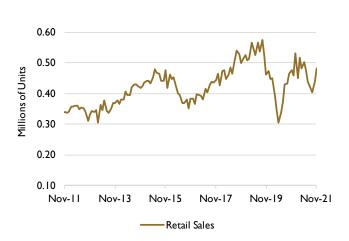
Exports to Mexico by Pipeline

LOGISTICS - TRUCKERS

TRUCK TONNAGE INDEX (MONTHLY) (63)



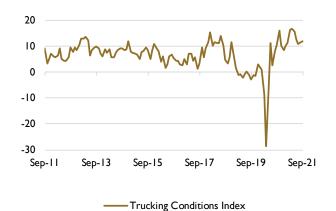
HEAVY TRUCK SALES (MONTHLY) (64)



TRUCKING CONDITIONS INDEX

(MONTHLY) (**)

NCLUDES FRIGHT VOLUMES, RATES, FLEET CAPACITY
BANKRUPTCIES, FUEL PRICE AND FINANCING



FREIGHT TRANSPORTATION SERVICES INDEX (MONTHLY) (66)

INCLUDES TRUCKING, RAIL, WATERWAYS,
PIPELINES AND AIR FRIGHT

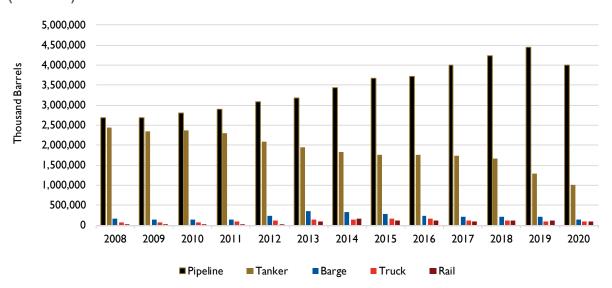






LOGISTICS - SHIPPING

CRUDE OIL REFINERY RECEIPTS BY TRANSPORTATION METHOD (Annual) (67)



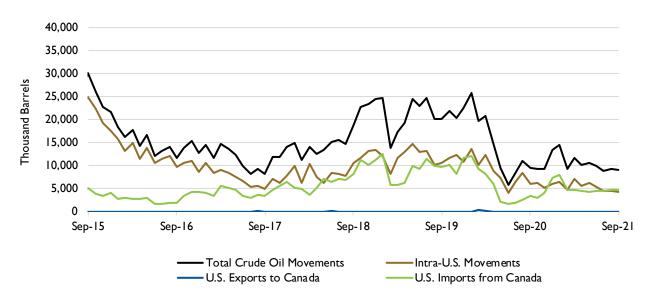
CRUDE OIL MOVEMENTS BY TANKER AND BARGE BETWEEN PETROLEUM ADMINISTRATION FOR DEFENSE DISTRICTS (PADDS) (MONTHLY) (68)



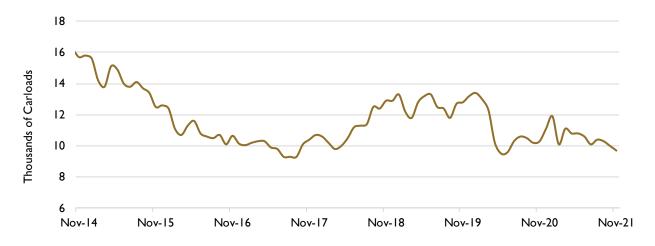
----Crude Oil Movements by Tanker and Barge Between PADDs

LOGISTICS - RAIL

MOVEMENTS OF CRUDE OIL BY RAIL (MONTHLY) (69)



AVERAGE WEEKLY RAIL CARLOADS OF PETROLEUM AND PETROLEUM PRODUCTS (Monthly Aggregate) (70)



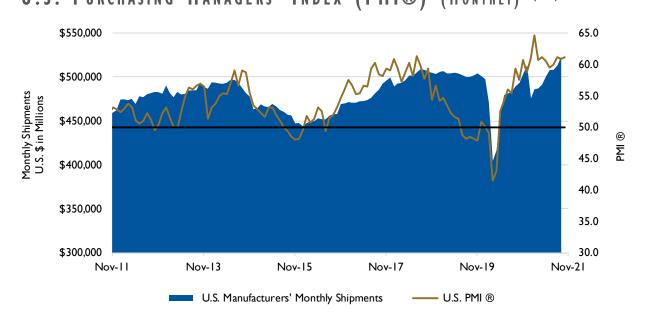
——Monthly Aggregates of Average Weekly Rail Carloads



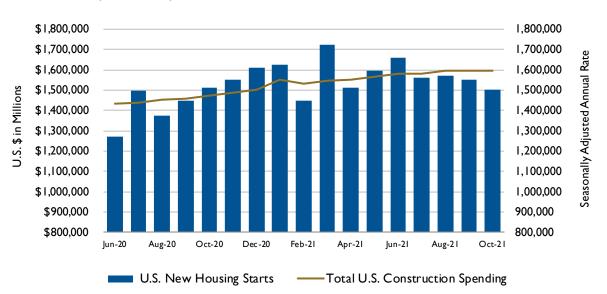


DATA CENTER ECONOMIC / FINANCIAL

U.S. MANUFACTURERS' MONTHLY SHIPMENTS AND U.S. PURCHASING MANAGERS' INDEX (PMI®) (MONTHLY) (71)



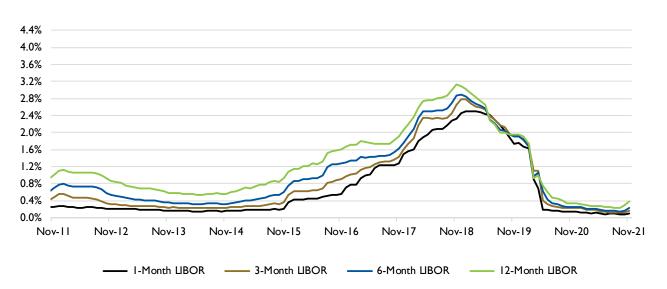
U.S. NEW HOUSING STARTS AND TOTAL U.S. CONSTRUCTION SPENDING (Monthly) $^{(72)}$



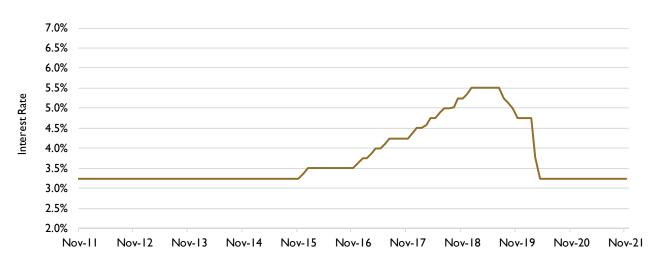
ECONOMIC / FINANCIAL

LONDON INTERBANK OFFERED RATE (LIBOR) (MONTHLY AVERAGE)

BASED ON U.S. DOLLAR (73)



BANK PRIME LOAN INTEREST RATES (MONTHLY AVERAGE) (74)



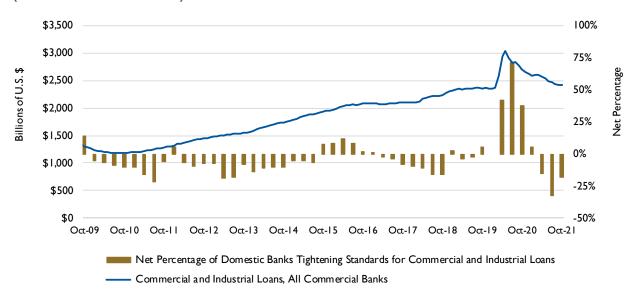
Bank Prime Loan Interest Rate



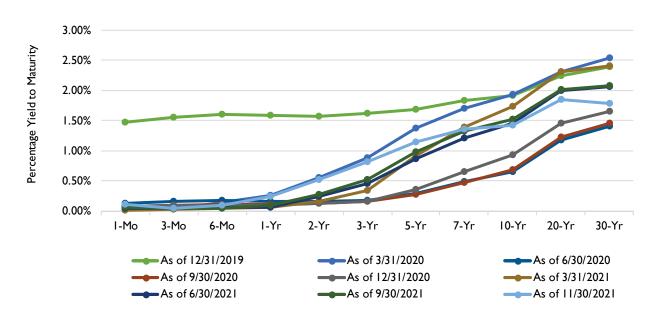


DATA CENTER ECONOMIC / FINANCIAL

COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL LOANS VS. BANKING STANDARDS (QUARTERLY, MONTHLY) (75)

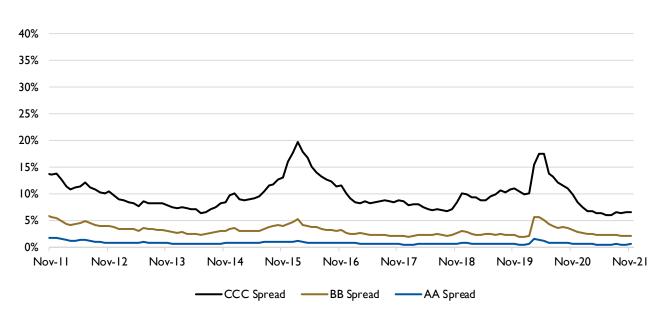


U.S. TREASURY YIELD CURVE (MONTHLY, ANNUAL) (76)



ECONOMIC / FINANCIAL

CORPORATE SPREADS TO TREASURIES BY QUALITY (Monthly Average) $^{(77)}$







ABBREVIATIONS & ACRONYMS

AECO - Alberta Energy Company

ARAMCO - Saudi Arabian Oil Company, formerly the Arabian-American Oil Company

BCF - Billion cubic feet

BTU - British thermal unit

CIF - Costs, insurance and freight

CMT – Constant maturity treasury

DUC - Drilled but uncompleted wells

EBITDA - Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization

IFO - Intermediate fuel oil

ITC - Investment Tax Credit

LCOE - Levelized cost of energy

LIBOR - London Interbank Offered Rate

LNG - Liquefied natural gas

LPG - Liquefied petroleum gas

mmBTU - Millions of British Thermal Units

MTBE - Methyl tertiary butyl ether

MW - Megawatt

NBP - National Balancing Point

NGPL - Natural gas plant liquids

NYMEX - New York Mercantile Exchange

OAS - Option-adjusted spread

OPEC - The Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries

PADD - Petroleum Administration for Defense District

PG&E - Pacific Gas & Electric

PMI ${\mathbb R}$ – U.S. Purchasing Managers Index ${\mathbb R}$

PV - Photovoltaic

SoCal - Southern California

SPR - Strategic Petroleum Reserve

TETCO-M3 – Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation Pipeline Zone M3

TTF - Title Transfer Facility

UAE - United Arab Emirates

WTI - West Texas Intermediate crude oil

DEFINITIONS

Biofuels - liquid fuels and blending components produced from biomass feedstocks, used primarily for transportation.

British Thermal Unit (BTU) – A traditional unit of heat; it is defined as the amount of heat required to raise the temperature of one pound of water by one degree Fahrenheit.

Ending Stocks – A proxy for inventory, defined as the total volume of a given commodity held in storage (leases, refineries, processing plants, pipelines, terminals, tank farms) at the end of the last day of a given month.

Distillate Fuel Oil – A general classification for a variety of petroleum fractions produced in petroleum distillation operations. Included within this classification are No. 1, No. 2 and No. 4 diesel fuels (used in on-highway and off-highway diesel engines), as well as No. 1, No. 2 and No. 4 fuel oils (used primarily for space heating and electric power generation).

Distributed Solar Energy – Refers to solar energy generated by small-scale photovoltaic generation plants. Small-scale is defined as a plant with capacity below one megawatt.

Index – A figure in a system or scale representing the average value of specified prices, shares, or other items as compared with some reference figure.

Intermediate Fuel Oil – Also known as IFO and Bunker Fuel, fuel utilized by ships and barges to facilitate international exchange of various commodities across an array of industries.

Investment Tax Credit – A federal policy tax incentive that supports the deployment of solar energy in the United States.

LIBOR – The London Interbank Offered Rate is the average interest rate at which leading banks borrow funds of a sizeable amount from other banks in the London market.

Liquefied Natural Gas – Natural gas that has been cooled to a liquid state, at about -260°Fahrenheit, for shipping and storage.

Liquefied Petroleum Gas – A group of hydrocarbon gases, primarily propane, normal butane and isobutene, derived from crude oil refining or natural gas processing.

Natural Gas Liquids – A group of hydrocarbons including ethane, propane, normal butane, isobutene and natural gasoline. Generally include natural gas plant liquids and all liquefied refinery gases except olefins.

Natural Gas Plant Liquids - Ethane, propane, butane, isobutane, pentane and pentane plus.

Petroleum Administration for Defense District (PADD) – A geographic aggregation of the 50 States and the District of Columbia into five Districts. PADD I is the East Coast region, PADD 2 is the Midwest region, PADD 3 is the Gulf Coast region and PADD 5 is the West Coast region.

Petroleum Products – Obtained from the processing of crude oil (including lease condensate), natural gas and other hydrocarbon compounds. Petroleum products include unfinished oils, liquefied petroleum gases, pentanes plus, aviation gasoline, motor gasoline, naphtha-type jet fuel, kerosene-type jet fuel, kerosene, distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, petrochemical feedstocks, special naphthas, lubricants, waxes, petroleum coke, asphalt, road oil, still gas and miscellaneous products.





DEFINITIONS

Product Supplied – A widely utilized proxy for consumption of petroleum products, measuring the disappearance of said products from primary sources. Primary sources include, among others, refineries, processing plants, blending plants, pipelines and bulk terminals.

Propylene – Petrochemical feedstock that is recovered from refinery or petrochemical processes. It is an olefinic hydrocarbon that is gaseous at standard temperature and pressure.

Residual Fuel Oil – The general classification for heavy oils that remain after lighter oils are distilled away in the process of petroleum refining.

Spot vs. Wholesale Price – "Spot" prices are defined by the U.S. Energy Information Administration as, "the price for a one-time open market transaction for immediate delivery of a specific quantity of a product at a specific location where the commodity is purchased 'on the spot' at current market rates."

In this report, certain charts contain both "spot" and "wholesale" prices for given commodities alongside each other within the same chart. In these instances, the wholesale prices shown are, in fact, wholesale market "spot" prices. Thus, the terms are interchangeable in charts where both terms are present in describing respective price series.

Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR) – An emergency fuel storage of crude oil maintained by the United States Department of Energy for use during periods of major supply interruption.

Virtual Trading Point – Commodity trading center created to service a specific geographic region but does not have a physical location.

DESCRIPTIONS

General Conversion Information

- International pricing data for various commodities were converted by JKC from the units utilized by the original data source (in the form of currency value per unit of energy content or volume) to appropriate domestic units (in the form of U.S. dollars per common domestic unit of energy content or volume) in order to allow for convenient, informative comparison of international and domestic commodity price series through displaying them on a singular chart in consistent units. Appropriate domestic units for a given commodity are determined by whatever units are most commonly utilized in the United States to denote prices of that commodity, per the U.S. Energy Information Administration.
- International currency units were converted to U.S. dollars using historical exchange rates published by x-rates.com.
- Energy content and volume conversion factors differ by commodity. International energy content or volume units were converted using the various sources listed below:
 - Google.com In-Browser Unit Converter
 - o Alberta Energy Co. Hub Natural Gas gigajoules to mmBTU
 - Dutch TTF Hub Natural Gas megawatt hours to mmBTU
 - Houston; Los Angeles; Rotterdam; Singapore; Port of Fujairah, UAE IFO 380, IFO 180 Bunker Fuel liters/kilogram to gallons per metric ton
 - Iowa State University Liquid Fuel Measurements and Conversions
 - o Netherlands Retail LPG liters to metric tons, metric tons to barrels
 - Saudi ARAMCO Propane metric tons to barrels
 - o Japan Propane Imports metric tons to barrels
 - Holland Retail Gasoline liters to gallons
 - Singapore Retail Gasoline liters to gallons
 - UAE Gasoline liters to gallons
 - Edmonton Diesel Fuel liters to gallons
 - Singapore Retail Diesel liters to gallons
 - Holland Retail Diesel liters to gallons
 - UAE Diesel liters to gallons
 - Official Nebraska Government Website
 - Netherlands Retail LPG barrels to gallons
 - Saudi ARAMCO Propane barrels to gallons
 - Japan Propane Imports barrels to gallons
 - Lanka IOC Oil Company
 - Houston; Los Angeles; Rotterdam; Singapore; Port of Fujairah, UAE IFO 380, IFO 180 Bunker Fuel density, in liters per kilogram





CHART NOTES

All charts in this report are updated to the latest information available at the time of publication. Due to differing reporting dates for various data used throughout the report, all charts are not updated to the same ending period.

(I) Crude Oil Prices

- Sources: U.S. Energy Information Administration (Brent, West Texas Intermediate), IndexMundi via WorldBank (Dubai Fateh), Alberta.ca Economic Dashboard (Western Canadian Select), OPEC.org and Quandl.com (OPEC Reference Basket).
- The Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) reference basket is a composite of the following blends of crude oil: Saharan Blend (Algeria), Girassol (Angola), Oriente (Ecuador), Zafiro (Equatorial Guinea), Rabi Light (Gabon), Iran Heavy (Islamic Republic of Iran), Basra Light (Iraq), Kuwait Export (Kuwait), Es Sider (Libya), Bonny Light (Nigeria), Qatar Marine (Qatar), Arab Light (Saudi Arabia), Murban (United Arab Emirates), Merey (Venezuela).
- · All prices are spot or wholesale.

(2) Gasoline Prices

- Sources: U.S. Energy Information Administration (New York Harbor, U.S. Gulf Coast), Trading Economics (Singapore, Netherlands Retail), United Arab Emirates Ministry of Energy (UAE Retail).
- New York Harbor Spot, U.S. Gulf Coast Spot, Netherlands Retail and Singapore Retail all represent the price history of
 conventional gasoline in their respective locations. United Arab Emirates Retail represents an aggregate of unleaded 95,
 unleaded 98 and unleaded 91 prices in the United Arab Emirates.

(3) Diesel Prices

- Sources: U.S. Energy Information Administration (U.S. Gulf Coast, New York Harbor, Los Angeles, CA), Ec.euopa.eu
 European Commission (Netherlands Retail), Knoema.com (Singapore Retail), United Arab Emirates (UAE Retail).
- · New York Harbor, U.S. Gulf Coast and Los Angeles, CA prices represent ultra-low sulfur No. 2 diesel.
- Edmonton, Canada price represents low-sulfur diesel.
- Singapore Retail, United Arab Emirates Retail and Netherlands Retail prices represent conventional gasoil found at the pump.
 Gasoil is an alternative term for diesel commonly used throughout Europe.
- Netherlands Retail prices exclude taxes, Singapore Retail prices include taxes.

(4) Jet Fuel Prices

- · Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration.
- All prices are spot or wholesale prices.

(5) U.S. Crude Oil and Petroleum Products Supply, Inventory and Consumption

- Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration.
- Crude Oil and Petroleum Products consist of natural gas plant liquids (ethane, propane, butane, isobutane, pentane), other
 liquids (hydrogen, oxygenates and renewable fuels like fuel ethanol, motor and aviation gasoline blending components,
 unfinished oils) and finished petroleum products (motor gasoline, aviation gasoline, kerosene-type jet fuel, kerosene, distillate
 fuel oil, residual fuel oil, petrochemical feedstocks, napthas, lubricants, waxes, petroleum cokes, asphalt and road oil, still gas,
 miscellaneous products).
- Supply is comprised of field production, renewable fuels and oxygenate plant net production, refinery and blender net
 production, imports and net Petroleum Administration for Defense District (PADD) receipts. Net PADD receipts represent
 the net volume of product movement into and out of each PADD by tanker, barge and pipeline.
- Ending Stocks is a proxy for inventory and is defined as primary stocks held in storage as of midnight on the last day of the month. Primary stocks include products held in storage at, or in, leases, refineries, natural gas processing plants, pipelines, tank farms and bulk terminals with the capacity to store at least 50,000 barrels or that can receive product by tanker, barge or pipeline. Ending Stocks include volumes in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR) maintained by the Federal Government for use during periods of major supply interruption.
- Product Supplied is a proxy for consumption as it measures the disappearance of said product from primary sources, including refineries, processing plants, blending plants, pipelines and bulk terminals.

(6) U.S. Refinery Volumes and Wholesale Prices of Petroleum Products

• Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration Petroleum Marketing Monthly.

(7) U.S. Crude Oil Refinery Input, Distillation Capacity and Refinery Utilization

- Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration Petroleum Supply Weekly.
- Net Input is defined as gross inputs less gross production. Crude Oil Refinery Net Input values are monthly aggregates of
 weekly net input averages, measured in thousands of barrels per day. The resulting values are represented as monthly
 average refinery inputs, measured in thousands of barrels per day.
- Refinery Capacity refers to the maximum amount of crude oil designed to flow into the distillation (or crude) unit of the refinery. Operable Capacity is equal to the sum of operating and idle capacity. Idle Capacity is capacity that is not in operation, not under active repair, and can be placed in operation within 30 days.

(8) U.S. Crude Oil and Petroleum Products Imports and Exports

- Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration Petroleum Supply Monthly.
- U.S. Net Imports of Petroleum Products data fall below zero at which point the U.S. becomes a net exporter.

(9) Domestic Natural Gas Citygate Prices per Region

- Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration.
- The prices shown are "Citygate" prices. A Citygate is defined as "a point or measuring station at which a distributing gas utility receives gas from a natural gas pipeline company or transmission system." The Citygate price represents the benchmark price for a given region, accounting for all costs of acquisition, storage, and transportation of gas as well as other charges associated with local distribution companies obtaining the gas for sale to end-users.
- The Western market contains Oregon, Washington, California, Nevada, Arizona, New Mexico, Utah, Wyoming, Colorado, Montana, and Idaho.
- The Midwestern market contains North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas, Oklahoma, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Arkansas, Wisconsin, Michigan, Illinois, and Indiana.
- The Gulf market contains Texas and Louisiana; the Southeastern market contains Florida, Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia, Tennessee, North Carolina, and South Carolina.
- The Northeastern market contains Kentucky, Virginia, West Virginia, Ohio, Pennsylvania, New York, Vermont, New Hampshire, Maine, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Delaware, New Jersey, and Maryland.

(10) International Natural Gas Prices

- Sources: U.S. Energy Information Administration (Henry Hub), NGX Clearinghouse (AECO Hub), BP Statistical Review of World Energy 2017 (United Kingdom NBP), World Bank via Index Mundi (Russian NG European Import Price), Knoema via World Bank (Japan LNG Import), my.Elexys.be Market Information (Dutch TTF).
- · Henry Hub serves as the primary global pricing benchmark.
- Alberta Energy Company (AECO) Hub serves North America.
- United Kingdom National Balancing Point (NBP) serves the British Isles.
- Dutch Title Transfer Facility (TTF) serves continental Europe.
- Virtual Trading Point (Virtual) does not have a physical location and was created to serve a specific region.
- Japan LNG Import Price represents aggregate import prices of liquefied natural gas in Japan and is a price benchmark serving the Asia-Pacific region. The price includes costs, insurance and freight (CIF).
- All price benchmarks above represent gaseous state natural gas transported by pipeline, with the exception of Japan LNG Import Price, which represents liquid state natural gas transported by ship.
- All prices are spot or wholesale.

(11), (12), (13) and (14) Liquefied Natural Gas Prices

- Sources: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (U.S., Mexico, Belgium, India), World Bank via Bluegold Research (Brazil/Argentina, Japan/Korea, China, United Kingdom).
- All prices are "landed" prices. Landed price is the price received at the regasification terminal and is based on a netback
 calculation that removes the costs of pipeline transportation, regasification, waterborne shipping and liquefaction, so as to
 best represent the effective price to the producer or seller at a specific location or defined point.





(15) U.S. Import / Export Liquefied Natural Gas Prices

- Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration.
- All prices are spot or wholesale.

(16) Natural Gas Plant Liquids Prices

- Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration.
- · Natural gas liquids spot prices at Mont Belvieu, TX.
- Natural Gas Plant Liquids (NGPL) Composite price includes ethane, propane, butane, isobutane and natural gasoline. Daily
 closing spot prices for each component are averaged into a monthly series, then weighted according to the portion of a
 representative natural gas plant liquids barrel that they occupy. The NGPL Composite price excludes natural gas liquids
 produced at crude oil refineries.

(17) U.S. Natural Gas Production and Consumption

- Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration.
- Marketed Production is equal to gross withdrawals of natural gas from production reservoirs, less gas used for reservoir repressuring, nonhydrocarbon gases removed in treating and processing operations, and quantities vented and flared (gas that is
 disposed of by release into the atmosphere).

(18) U.S. Natural Gas Supply and Inventory

- Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration.
- Working Gas is defined as the total amount of natural gas in storage less the amount of base gas. Base gas is the amount of gas intended as permanent inventory.

(19) U.S. Natural Gas Consumption by End Use

• Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration.

(20) U.S. Natural Gas Plant Liquids Production

- Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration.
- Natural Gas Plant Liquids Production refers to the sum of all production of ethane, propane, butane, isobutane, pentane and pentane plus.

(21) U.S. Liquefied Natural Gas Import and Export Volumes

• Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration.

(22), (23) and (24) North American LNG Import / Export Terminals - Proposed, Approved and Existing

• Source: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.

(25) Heating Oil Prices

- Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration.
- Spot prices of No 2. heating oil at New York Harbor, alongside the spot prices of West Texas Intermediate crude oil for comparison purposes.

(26) Intermediate Fuel Oil aka "Bunker Fuel" Prices

- Source: Ship & Bunker.
- Intermediate Fuel Oil, also known as IFO and Bunker Fuel, is fuel utilized by ships and barges to facilitate international exchange of various commodities across an array of industries, including energy. It is classified in the maritime field by its viscosity, measured in centistokes. IFO 380 has a maximum viscosity of 380 centistokes and is comprised of 98% residual fuel oil and 2% distillate fuel oil. Under new regulations from the International Maritime Organization, ships must burn fuel with a sulfur content of not more than 0.5 percent or install costly emissions-cleaning scrubbers. Very Low Sulfur Fuel Oil (VLSFO) contains a maximum sulfur content of 0.5 percent.

(27) Propane Prices

- Sources: U.S. Energy Information Administration (Conway, KS and Mont Belvieu, TX spot prices), Government of Canada National Energy Board (Edmonton, Canada trading hub prices), Ec.euopa.eu European Commission (Netherlands Retail prices), LPG Australia and news articles (Saudi ARAMCO contract prices), Knoema.com and Petroleum Association of Japan (Japan Imports prices).
- Conway, KS and Mont Belvieu, TX retail prices are propane prices, while Saudi ARAMCO Contracts and Japan Imports are liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) prices. Netherlands Retail and Edmonton, Canada retail prices are auto propane and exclude taxes.
- Propane and LPG prices are represented on the same chart due to the fact that propane is dealt in international
 marketplaces as LPG, and is referred to as LPG in many European and Asian countries. LPG is comprised of a mixture of
 propane and butane.
- Conway, KS wholesale prices are typically available only for the winter months (October through March), during which
 propane demand is driven by cold weather, therefore, the data series displayed is intermittent.

(28) No. I Distillate Fuel Oil, Residual Fuel Oil Wholesale, Retail Sales Volume by Refiners

- Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration.
- No. I Distillate Fuel Oil consists of No. I diesel fuel and No. I fuel oil. The former is used in high-speed diesel engines, including those used by metropolitan buses and smaller automobiles. No. I fuel oil is utilized primarily as fuel for portable outdoor stoves and heaters.
- Residual Fuel Oil is the general classification for heavy oils that remain after lighter oils are distilled away in the process of
 petroleum refining. Residual Fuel Oil includes No. 5 and No. 6 fuel oils. The former is used in steam-powered vessels, and
 the latter is used for electric power generation, space heating, vessel bunkering and industrial processes.
- All wholesale and retail sales volumes refer to those sold by refiners only.

(29) No. 2 Distillate Fuel Oil Wholesale, Retail Sales Volume by Refiners

- Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration.
- No. 2 Distillate Fuel Oil consists of No. 2 diesel fuel and No. 2 fuel oil (heating oil). No. 2 diesel fuel is utilized in on-and-off highway diesel engines, including those used by railroad locomotives, trucks, automobiles and agricultural machinery. No. 2 fuel oil (heating oil) is used for space heating and moderate capacity industrial/commercial burner units.
- All wholesale and retail sales volumes refer to those sold by refiners only.

(30) Propane & Propylene and Distillate Fuel Oil Production and Consumption

- Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration.
- Distillate Fuel Oil is a general classification for a variety of petroleum fractions produced in petroleum distillation operations. Included within this classification are No. 1, No. 2 and No. 4 diesel fuels (used in on-highway and off-highway diesel engines), as well as No. 1, No. 2 and No. 4 fuel oils (used primarily for space heating and electric power generation).
- Propylene is an important petrochemical feedstock that is recovered from refinery or petrochemical processes. It is an olefinic hydrocarbon that is gaseous at standard temperature and pressure.
- Product Supplied is a proxy for consumption as it measures the disappearance of said product from primary sources, including refineries, processing plants, blending plants, pipelines and bulk terminals.

(31) U.S. Ending Stocks of Propane & Propylene and Distillate Fuel Oil

- Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration.
- Distillate Fuel Oil is a general classification for a variety of petroleum fractions produced in petroleum distillation operations. Included within this classification are No. 1, No. 2 and No. 4 diesel fuels (used in on-highway and off-highway diesel engines), as well as No. 1, No. 2 and No. 4 fuel oils (used primarily for space heating and electric power generation).
- Propylene is an important petrochemical feedstock that is recovered from refinery or petrochemical processes. It is an
 olefinic hydrocarbon that is gaseous at standard temperature and pressure.
- Ending Stocks are defined as the total volume of a propane and propylene/distillate fuel oil held in storage as of the last day of
 the period. Ending Stocks are monthly averages of Ending Stocks reported at the end of each week during that month, not
 the amount of Ending Stocks reported at the end of the month. The resulting values are represented as monthly average
 inventory levels.





(32) U.S. Well Starts by Depth

- Source: Platts RigData.
- Total number of well starts by depth on U.S. Land, U.S. Inland Waters and U.S. Offshore, respectively.

(33) Percentage of Crude Oil and Natural Gas Production per Shale Region

- Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration Drilling Productivity Report.
- Percentage of total U.S. crude oil and natural gas production from each of the shale regions.

(34) Drilled but Uncompleted Wells vs. Crude Oil Price

- Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration Drilling Productivity Report.
- Drilled but Uncompleted (DUC) Wells are oil and gas wells that have been drilled but haven't gone through the process of completion (the process of installing well casing, tubing and other equipment that prepares a well for production). The number of DUC wells has significant implications on the domestic supply response to crude oil price changes. If crude oil prices decrease, it is theoretically likely that the amount of DUC wells will increase, and vice versa in an increasing crude oil price scenario. Therefore, the West Texas Intermediate Crude price is tracked for comparative purposes.

(35) Hydraulic Fracturing Sand Producer Price Index

- Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.
- Hydraulic Fracturing Sand is sand utilized as a proppant in the process of hydraulic fracturing to help facilitate the extraction of oil and gas from subsurface rock formations.
- The Producer Price Index for Hydraulic Fracturing Sand measures the weighted average period-to-period change in the selling prices received by domestic producers of hydraulic fracturing sand.
- Hydraulic Fracturing Sand Producer Price Index Base = 100 at June 1982.
- Not seasonally adjusted.

(36) and (37) Crude Oil and Natural Gas Production, Rig Count and Production per Rig

- Sources: U.S. Energy Information Administration Drilling Productivity Report (new-well crude oil and natural gas production per rig), Baker Hughes Inc. (rig count).
- New-Well Crude Oil or Natural Gas Production per Rig in each quarter represents the average of each month's value. New-well production per rig is estimated by dividing several trailing months of data on total production from new wells in each region by that region's monthly rig count, lagged by two months. New-well production per rig is intended to indicate an average rig's contribution to total crude oil production from new wells.
- The determination between a crude oil rig and a natural gas rig is made by the operating company at the time of issuance of the rig permit by the relevant state's permitting authority. The classification of a given rig as an oil or gas rig is based solely upon the operator's judgment after drilling an appraisal well and determining its specific hydrocarbon content. For example, if a well's production comes 50% from gas, 20% from Natural Gas Liquids and 30% from oil, it could either be listed as a gas rig, because gas comprises the largest share of hydrocarbons, or an oil rig because oil drives the well's economics. This determination is at the judgment of the operator.

(38) U.S. Drilling Rigs by Type

- Source: Baker Hughes North America Rotary Rig Count.
- A vertical well is a well that penetrates the earth vertically below the surface-mounted drilling platform, or the surface location of the well.
- A directional well is classified as one in which the surface location of the well is not vertically above the target reservoir.
 Thus, the well deviates horizontally from its surface location in order to reach the target reservoir, at a specific azimuth and incline. Azimuth measures the cardinal direction of the well's path relative to the surface location, and incline measures degrees of deviation from vertical.
- Per Baker Hughes methodology, a horizontal well is a type of directional well that deviates from vertical by greater than 80 degrees, or one in which the lower part of the wellbore is parallel to the "pay zone." The pay zone is the section of a reservoir that contains hydrocarbons that can be produced economically.

(39) Wind and Solar Prices

- Source: Lazard's Levelized Cost of Energy Analysis 2012-2020.
- The Levelized Cost of Energy (LCOE) is the net present value of the per-megawatt hour cost of building and operating a
 generating plant over an assumed financial life and duty cycle. It is utilized as a means of comparing the cost-competitiveness
 of various energy-generating technologies of unequal life spans, project sizes, capital profiles and capacities.
- The respective levelized costs of each generation technology for each year are a simple average of the high and low values of the cost range associated with that generating technology during that year.
- · Solar PV refers to solar photovoltaic.
- Solar PV Community refers to a solar power plant whose electricity is shared by more than one household.
- Solar PV Rooftop Residential refers to a Solar PV system that has its solar panels mounted on the rooftop of a residential structure.
- Solar PV Crystalline Rooftop refers to crystalline solar panels mounted on rooftops. Crystalline panels are a type of solar
 panel that achieves the photoelectric effect, the chemical process that converts solar (light) energy to electricity, through use
 of crystalline silicone solar cells.
- Solar PV Crystalline Utility-Scale refers to a solar power plant that uses crystalline panels to generate power that is fed into the grid, supplying a utility with energy.
- Solar PV Thin Film Utility-Scale refers to a solar power plant that uses thin-film solar panels to generate power that is fed
 into the grid, supplying a utility with energy. Thin-film panels differ from crystalline panels in that the photoemissive materials,
 those which produce an electric current when contacted by sufficient solar energy, are not cut from crystals.
- Solar Thermal refers to solar technology that generates thermal energy to heat water or other fluids, rather than generating electricity.

(40) U.S. Total Renewable Energy Consumption

- Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration Monthly Energy Review.
- · Total Renewable Energy Consumption is comprised of hydroelectric, geothermal, solar, wind, wood, waste and biofuels.
- Waste refers to biomass waste and is organic non-fossil material of biological origin that is a byproduct or a discarded product. Biomass waste includes municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste, agricultural crop byproducts, straw and other biomass solids, liquids and gases.
- Biofuels are liquid fuels and blending components produced from biomass feedstocks, used primarily for transportation.
 Biomass is organic, non-fossil material comprised of decayed biological matter.

(41) U.S. Solar, Wind and Hydroelectric Energy Consumption

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration Monthly Energy Review.

(42) U.S. Wood, Waste, Biofuels and Geothermal Energy Consumption

- Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration Monthly Energy Review.
- Biofuels are liquid fuels and blending components produced from biomass feedstocks, used primarily for transportation.
 Biomass is organic, non-fossil material comprised of decayed biological matter.

(43) Corn and Ethanol Prices and Corn Cost per Gallon of Ethanol

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture Economic Research Service (corn and ethanol price).





(44) U.S. Solar Energy Consumption

- Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration Monthly Energy Review.
- Utility-scale solar energy refers to solar energy generated by plants with a capacity of at least one megawatt that is transmitted via the transmission grid to a high volume of consumers. Thus, Utility-Scale Solar Energy Consumption represents consumption of solar energy generated at plants with capacity of at least one megawatt.
- Distributed solar energy refers to solar energy generated by small-scale generating plants with capacity below one megawatt
 that is distributed over a specific locality with a small volume of consumers relative to utility-scale energy consumers. Thus,
 Distributed Solar Energy Consumption represents consumption of solar energy generated at small-scale generating plants.

(45) U.S. Solar Energy Net Generation

- Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration Monthly Energy Review.
- Distributed Solar Photovoltaic Generation refers to energy generated by small-scale photovoltaic generation plants. Small-scale is defined as a plant with capacity below one megawatt. Photovoltaic generation refers to solar energy generated by photovoltaic solar panels.
- Utility-Scale Solar Electricity Net Generation refers to generation of solar energy by plants with capacity equal to or above one megawatt. Net generation is defined as the amount of gross generation less electrical energy consumed by the generating plant for service or auxiliaries.

(46) Distributed Solar Photovoltaic Generation by Sector

- Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration Monthly Energy Review.
- Distributed Solar Photovoltaic Generation refers to energy generated by small-scale photovoltaic generation plants. Small-scale is defined as a plant with capacity below one megawatt. Photovoltaic generation refers to solar energy generated by photovoltaic solar panels.

(47) Utility-Scale Solar Electricity Net Generation by Sector

- Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration Monthly Energy Review.
- Utility-Scale Solar Electricity Net Generation refers to generation of solar energy by plants with capacity equal to or above
 one megawatt. Net generation is defined as the amount of gross generation less electrical energy consumed by the generating
 plant for service or auxiliaries.
- Gaps in the data represent periods for which there was no data reported, or the data value was trivially small and thus
 deemed unnecessary to report.

(48) U.S. Solar Capacity Installations

- Source: Solar Energy Industries Association Q1 2017 Solar Market Insight Report.
- The Investment Tax Credit (ITC) is a federal policy tax incentive that supports the deployment of solar energy in the United States. The ITC allows those who install a solar system to claim up to 30% of the price paid to install the system as a tax credit when filing Federal taxes, thereby significantly discounting the cost associated with transitioning to solar energy.

(49) U.S. Wind Power Capacity Installations

- Source: American Wind Energy Association U.S. Wind Energy Quarterly Market Report.
- Wind Power Generation Capacity Installations refers to non-utility-scale wind power capacity additions. Utility-scale is
 defined as installations of wind turbines larger than 100 kilowatts.

(50) Utility-Scale Wind Power Capacity Installations

- Source: American Wind Energy Association U.S. Wind Energy Quarterly Market Report.
- Utility-Scale Wind Capacity includes installations of wind turbines larger than 100 kilowatts. Capacity installations may not
 always equate to an equal increase in cumulative wind power capacity due to decommissioned, uprated and repowered wind
 turbines.

(51) Wind Power Under Construction or in Advanced Development

- Source: American Wind Energy Association (AWEA) U.S. Wind Energy Quarterly Market Report.
- AWEA defines projects as being "in advanced development" if it has not yet begun construction, but has either signed a
 power purchase agreement, announced a firm turbine order, or been announced to proceed under utility ownership.

(52) U.S. Aggregated Energy Consumption by Sector

- Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration.
- Energy consumed by the electric power sector is primary energy only. Primary energy is energy in its original form, before
 any transformation to secondary or tertiary forms of energy. For example, coal can be converted to synthetic gas and then
 to electricity. Under these circumstances, coal is primary energy, synthetic gas is secondary energy and electricity is tertiary
 energy.

(53) U.S. Aggregated Energy Consumption by Source

- Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration.
- Total consumption of each category of energy is as accurate as possible. However, some data is unavailable or unreported
 and, thus, some total consumption values may be understated.
- Fossil Fuels includes coal, petroleum-based products, natural gas and natural gas-based products.
- · Renewable Energy includes conventional hydroelectric, solar, biomass, nuclear, geothermal and wind.
- Biomass is a renewable energy source derived from organic matter such as wood, crop waste, or garbage, with wood being the largest contributor.
- Fossil Fuels and Renewable Energy consumption represent consumption of primary energy, which is energy in its original form, before transformation to secondary or tertiary forms of energy. Thus, to arrive at total energy consumption, Electricity Retail Sales (representing consumption of secondary and tertiary forms of energy) is added alongside consumption of Fossil Fuels and Renewable Energy.
- Electrical System Energy Losses are a deduction from total energy consumption, and are incorrectly represented as positively
 contributing to total energy consumption. Thus, total energy consumption figures in each year are overstated by the amount
 of electrical system energy losses.

(54) Electricity Prices by Sector

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration.

(55) Commercial Crude Oil Inventory

- Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration.
- U.S. Ending Stocks of Commercial Crude Oil represents stocks (inventory) of crude oil held in storage for commercial use.
 This figure excludes both lease stock and volumes in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR). Lease stock is crude oil stored in tanks at sites where producers are drilling on leased land. They're excluded from total commercial crude oil inventory because they aren't yet available for commercial use. The SPR is petroleum maintained by the Federal Government for use during periods of major supply interruption.
- Ending stocks (inventory) are primary stocks of crude oil held in storage as of midnight on the last day of the month. Primary stocks include crude oil held in storage at, or in, leases, refineries, natural gas processing plants, pipelines, tank farms and bulk terminals with the capacity to store a minimum of 50,000 barrels of petroleum products or that can receive petroleum products by tanker, barge or pipeline.

(56) Petroleum and Other Liquids Commercial Inventory

- Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration.
- Hydrocarbon Gas Liquids (HGLs) are molecules of carbon and hydrogen in various combinations. HGLs include alkanes, or paraffins (ethane, propane, butane, isobutene, natural gasoline) and alkenes, or olefins (ethylene, propylene, butylene, isobutylene).
- Unfinished Oils are all oils that require further processing and are produced by partial refining of crude oil. Unfinished Oils
 include napthas and lighter oils, kerosene and light gas oils, heavy gas oils and residuum.
- Other Hydrocarbons/Oxygenates are substances that increase the amount of oxygen in various gasoline blends when added
 to them. This category includes fuel ethanol, methanol and methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE).
- Total Motor Gasoline includes finished motor gasoline and motor gasoline blending components.





(56) Petroleum and Other Liquids Commercial Inventory (continued)

- Distillate Fuel Oil is a general classification for a variety of petroleum fractions produced in petroleum distillation operations. Included within this classification are No. 1, No. 2 and No. 4 diesel fuels (used in on-highway and off-highway diesel engines), as well as No. 1, No. 2 and No. 4 fuel oils (used primarily for space heating and electric power generation).
- Residual Fuel Oil is the general classification for heavy oils that remain after lighter oils are distilled away in the process of
 petroleum refining. Residual Fuel Oil includes No. 5 and No. 6 fuel oils. The former is used in steam-powered vessels, and
 the latter is used for electric power generation, space heating, vessel bunkering and industrial processes.
- Other Oils include aviation gasoline blending components, finished aviation gasoline, kerosene, petrochemical feedstocks, special napthas, lubricants, waxes, petroleum coke, asphalt and road oil, still gas and miscellaneous products.

(57) Natural Gas Underground Storage Capacity

- Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration.
- Underground Storage Capacity refers to total natural gas storage capacity in underground storage facilities called "salt domes," which are caverns hollowed out in subsurface salt formations. Salt domes are the primary means of natural gas storage in the United States.

U.S. Underground Natural Gas Storage Facilities by Type (July 2015)



(58) Commercial Crude Oil Refinery, Tank and Underground Storage Capacity and Utilization

- Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration.
- Commercial Crude Oil Storage Capacity refers to working storage capacity. Working capacity is the volume difference between a crude oil storage tank's maximum safe fill capacity and the volume below which pump suction is ineffective, called tank bottoms.
- Crude Oil Shell Storage Capacity is the design capacity of a petroleum storage tank. It includes tank bottoms, working
 storage capacity and contingency space. Contingency space is defined as available storage space above the defined maximum
 operating inventory level that remains empty during normal operations. Shell Storage Capacity is always greater than or equal
 to working storage capacity.
- Crude Oil Storage Capacity data is released only twice per year for the months of March and September. Thus, the data series excludes inventory levels for all months other than March and September of each year.

(59) Crude Oil and Natural Gas Pipeline Mileage

- Source: Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration.
- · The chart includes information from only Federal Energy Regulatory Commission-regulated pipeline companies.
- Crude Oil Pipeline Mileage represents total mileage of pipelines dedicated to the transport of crude oil and those dedicated to the transport of petroleum products. Pipeline Mileage for crude oil includes trunk lines only.
- Pipeline Mileage for natural gas includes both trunk and gathering lines.
- Trunk lines are synonymous with transmission lines, which are large, cross-country pipelines that move oil or gas from producing areas to refineries. Gathering lines are pipelines that transport oil or gas from the area in which it was produced to a storage facility which acts as an intermediate stop before transportation by truck, railcar, or trunk line.

(60) Crude Oil and Petroleum Products Pipeline Movements Between Petroleum Administration for Defense Districts (PADDs)

- · Source: Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis, with data provided by the U.S. Energy Information Administration.
- Crude Oil and Petroleum Products Pipeline Movements Between PADDs represents the total volume of crude oil and petroleum products transported between each PADD. The data does not include movements within each PADD.

(61) Natural Gas Cumulative Interstate Pipeline Systems Capacity

- · Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration.
- Cumulative Interstate Capacity refers to capacity of natural gas pipelines crossing between states. Thus, capacity of intrastate
 pipelines is not included and the data should not be interpreted as representing total capacity of natural gas pipelines.

(62) Crude Oil and Petroleum Products Exports to Mexico

- Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration.
- Petroleum Products include pentanes plus, liquefied petroleum gases, unfinished oils, finished motor gasoline, motor gasoline blending components, oxygenates, fuel ethanol, distillate fuel oil, kerosene, kerosene-type jet fuel, special napthas, residual fuel oil, waxes, petroleum coke, asphalt and road oil, lubricants and miscellaneous products.

(63) Truck Tonnage Index

- Source: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics.
- The Truck Tonnage Index measures the gross tonnage of freight that is transported by motor carriers for a given month. The Index serves as an indicator of shipping activity in the United States.
- Created by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics via information published in the American Trucking Association (ATA) Monthly Truck Tonnage Report.
- In January 2018, ATA revised the seasonally adjusted index back five years as part of its annual revision. In addition, ATA reindexed the seasonally adjusted and not seasonally adjusted tonnage indexes to 2015 = 100 back to 1973.

(64) Heavy Truck Sales

- · Source: Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis.
- Heavy Trucks are trucks with more than 14,000 pounds gross vehicle weight.

(65) Trucking Conditions Index

- Source: FTR Transportation Intelligence.
- The Trucking Conditions Index summarizes the status of the trucking industry through tracking changes in six major conditions including freight volumes, freight rates, fleet capacity, fleet bankruptcies, fuel price and financing.
- An index value greater than zero represents a positive environment in the truck market, and an index value below zero
 represents a negative environment. An index value above 10 is a sign that volumes, prices and margin are in a solidly
 favorable range.

(66) Freight Transportation Services Index

- Source: Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis.
- The Freight Transportation Services Index measures the output of the for-hire freight transportation industry and consists of data from for-hire trucking, rail, inland waterways, pipelines and air freight.

(67) Crude Oil Refinery Receipts by Transportation Method

- Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration.
- Refinery Receipts by Pipeline, Tanker, Barge, Truck and Rail refer to total volumes of crude oil of domestic and international
 origin that are in transit to, or received by, domestic refineries. Volumes of crude oil in transit via pipeline are excluded from
 receipts. Foreign crude oil is included in receipts only after entry through customs.
- Refinery inputs track volumes of crude oil that are entered into refining processes (e.g., distillation units, cokers, etc.).
- The volume difference between refinery receipts and refinery inputs is that which is in transit but not yet received by refineries plus that which has been received and is held in bonded storage, awaiting entry into refining processes.

(68) Crude Oil Movements by Tanker and Barge Movements Between Petroleum Administration for Defense Districts (PADDs)

- Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration.
- The data series shown on the chart is an aggregate of all crude oil movements between Petroleum Administration for Defense Districts (PADDs). This includes crude oil movement from PADD I to PADD 2 and PADD 3; PADD 2 to PADD I and PADD 3; and PADD 3 to PADD I, PADD 2 and PADD 5.
- PADD I is the East Coast region, PADD 2 is the Midwest region, PADD 3 is the Gulf Coast region and PADD 5 is the West Coast region.





(69) Movements of Crude Oil by Rail

• Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration.

(70) Average Weekly Rail Carloads of Petroleum and Petroleum Products

- Source: Association of American Railroads.
- Monthly aggregates of the average weekly number of rail carloads transporting petroleum and petroleum products in the United States.
- Excludes the U.S. operations of Canadian railroads.

(71) U.S. Manufacturers' Monthly Shipments and U.S. Purchasing Managers' Index (PMI®)

- Sources: For Manufacturers' Monthly Shipments U.S. Census Bureau Manufacturers' Shipments, Inventories and Orders Survey; and for U.S. Purchasing Managers' Index (PMI®) – Institute for Supply Management Manufacturing Report on Business®.
- A PMI® above 50 represents expansion within the manufacturing sector compared with the prior month.

(72) U.S. New Housing Starts and Total U.S. Construction Spending

Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

(73) London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR), Based on U.S. Dollar

- Source: ICE Benchmark Administration Limited via the Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis.
- The London Interbank Offered Rate is the average interest rate at which leading banks borrow funds of a sizeable amount
 from other banks in the London market. LIBOR is the most widely used benchmark or reference rate for short term interest
 rates. The chart values are monthly percent averages of daily figures and are not seasonally adjusted.

(74) Bank Prime Loan Interest Rates

- Source: Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis.
- The Bank Prime Loan Interest Rate is that posted by a majority of top 25 (by assets in domestic offices) insured, U.S.-chartered commercial banks. Prime is one of several base rates used by banks to price short-term business loans.
- The chart values are monthly percent averages of daily figures and are not seasonally adjusted.

(75) Commercial and Industrial Loans vs. Banking Standards

- Source: Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis.
- Net Percentage of Domestic Banks Tightening Standards for Commercial and Industrial Loans to large and middle-market firms. Quarterly, not seasonally adjusted.
- Commercial and Industrial Loans, All Commercial Banks. Monthly, seasonally adjusted.

(76) U.S. Treasury Yield Curve

- Source: U.S. Treasury.
- U.S. Treasury Yield Curve rates are commonly referred to as Constant Maturity Treasury (CMT) rates. Yields are interpolated by the U.S. Treasury from the daily yield curve.
- The curve, which relates the yield on a security to its time to maturity, is based on the closing market bid yields on actively traded U.S. Treasury securities in the over-the-counter market.

(77) Corporate Spreads to Treasuries by Quality

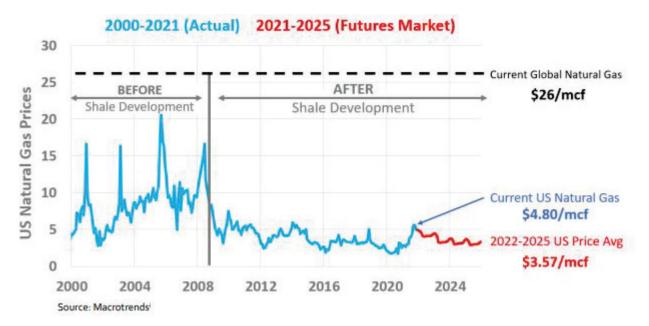
- Source: Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis.
- Corporate Spreads to Treasuries represent the spread, or difference, between the yield curve of an index of corporate
 bonds of a given rating category and the spot rate U.S. Treasury curve. The spot rate U.S. Treasury curve is a yield curve that
 uses U.S. Treasury spot rates rather than yields, and represents the rate for a zero-coupon U.S. Treasury bond.
- The corporate bond yield indexes are Bank of America Merrill Lynch Option-Adjusted Spread (OAS) Indexes for all bonds with a given investment rating of AA, BB or CCC or below that are publically issued in the U.S. domestic market. Each respective OAS index is calculated using each constituent bond's OAS, weighted by market capitalization. A bond's OAS is the bond's yield spread relative to the risk-free rate of return, typically the U.S. Treasury securities yield, adjusted to account for an embedded option.

U.S. LNG AND NEW PIPELINES NEEDED TO LOWER GLOBAL EMISSIONS -- TOBY RICE (CEO, EQT) SCHOOLS SENATOR ELIZABETH WARREN ON THE TRUE PATH TO LOWER CARBON

Seldom have we witnessed a greater triumph of facts and logic over ideology and partisanship than the letter sent December 7 by Toby Rice, President and CEO of EQT Corporation, one of the world's largest producers of natural gas, to Senator Elizabeth Warren of Massachusetts. Senator Warren had written Rice and others in the natural gas industry asserting that a combination of "corporate greed" and US LNG exports are driving natural gas prices higher at the expense of U.S. energy consumers.

In his letter, Mr. Rice used facts and data to lay out a compelling case that American natural gas prices are among the lowest in the world, that the U.S. natural gas industry has enabled America to lead the world in reducing carbon emissions, and that increasing U.S. LNG exports will enable other countries to follow suit. The only way the rest of the world, and especially China and India, can hope to significantly reduce emissions over the next few decades is by increasing their imports of LNG and switching away from higher carbon fuels for power generation.

U.S. Natural Gas Prices

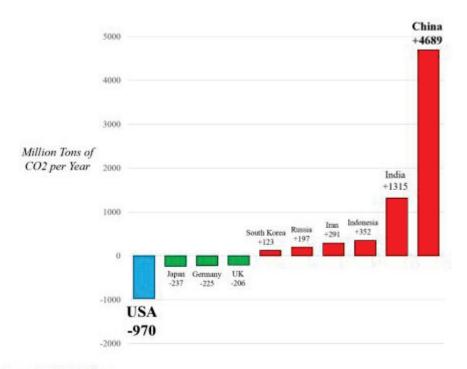






U.S. LNG AND NEW PIPELINES NEEDED TO LOWER GLOBAL EMISSIONS -- TOBY RICE (CEO, EQT) SCHOOLS SENATOR ELIZABETH WARREN ON THE TRUE PATH TO LOWER CARBON (CONTINUED)

Change in CO2 Emissions 2005 to 2020 (Annual Million Metric Tons of CO2 Difference)



Source: Our World in Data*

<u>His letter</u> concludes with the following recommendations:

"If we want to be a leader in addressing climate change, we need to be a leader on the global stage by providing others with access to our lower emissions-intensive energy resources. And that requires more LNG infrastructure, more pipeline infrastructure and more production of natural gas. The United States has a vast amount of natural gas, more than any other country in the world.

U.S. LNG AND NEW PIPELINES NEEDED TO LOWER GLOBAL EMISSIONS -- TOBY RICE (CEO, EQT) SCHOOLS SENATOR ELIZABETH WARREN ON THE TRUE PATH TO LOWER CARBON (CONTINUED)

"To do this we need:

- Approvals for domestic pipelines directed towards U.S. demand centers (including New England) and LNG export facilities (which could include a reversal of the Everett, MA facility into LNG export);
- Approvals for new LNG export facilities at a pace five times faster than historical norms; and
- Coordination with international communities to encourage the replacement of their coal with U.S. LNG.

"In terms of emissions reductions, a ramped LNG program in the United States would equate to electrifying approximately 5.1 million vehicles per year for each incremental Bcf of export replacing coal, while simultaneously providing the world with reliable energy.

"We at EQT are saying loud and clear that we are willing and able to supply the world with cheap and reliable natural gas, while simultaneously reducing emission levels at a pace the world has never seen. But we need your help to get it done. We are not looking for handouts, we are looking for permission and a clear signal of political support, one that will justify the billions of dollars that our industry will have to spend to make the largest green initiative in the world a reality.

"I know that ensuring American citizens have access to reliable, low-cost energy and meeting our global climate goals are both incredibly important to you, and I hope you understand that they are to me as well. I am a 39-year-old native of Massachusetts who lives in the heart of where my company operates and wants to see a world where all people can flourish, the energy needs of others are responsibly met, and my Bostonian mother does not have to heat her home in the winter with heating oil."

View Mr. Rice's full letter **HERE**.

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THE OMICRON VARIANT'S IMPACT ON GLOBAL OIL MARKETS

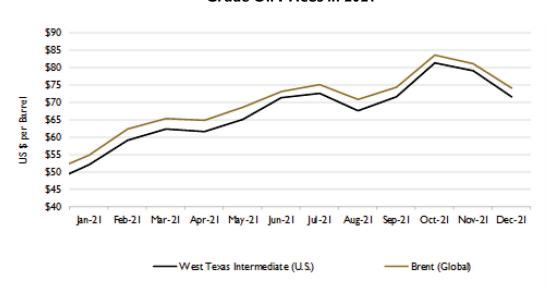
The new year is starting with a massive influx of COVID-19 that's different from any other during this pandemic. Daily Omicron infections in the U.S. have surpassed those of the Delta wave, CNN reported, while China posted the highest number of cases since January 2021.

It's difficult to measure how much the Omicron variant is affecting the economic recovery. What is known is that across the country, the rapid spread of the Omicron variant has already impacted businesses, transportation and emergency services. In Ohio, the mayor of Cincinnati declared a state of emergency after a spike in COVID-19 infections led to staffing shortages in the city's fire department. In New York, staffing issues led to the suspension of several subway lines.

Oil price movements may offer a possible reading of COVID's impact on the economy, primarily due to crude oil's role in powering transportation. Oil prices were poised to have a yearly gain following a rebound from the pandemic, but the rally has faltered over the past couple of months in part due to oil demand concerns after the emergence of Omicron.

Oil prices dropped sharply late in November and early in December as the new variant emerged, with global benchmark Brent crude and U.S. West Texas Intermediate (WTI) crude ending November with their largest percentage declines since March 2020.² Both benchmarks have regained ground but remain well below October peaks, when prices were around \$85 a barrel.³ Oil prices settled higher on December 28, with Brent crude ending

Crude Oil Prices in 20214



THE OMICRON VARIANT'S IMPACT ON GLOBAL OIL MARKETS (CONTINUED)

the session near \$80 a barrel despite the rapid spread of the Omicron variant. Both Brent and WTI traded at their highest levels in a month.⁵ However, for the full month of December, WTI fell to a price of \$71.71 with the Brent price at \$74.17.⁴

Oil prices were supported by supply outages and expectations that U.S. inventories fell during December. Three oil producers – Ecuador, Libya and Nigeria – announced production disruptions by declaring force majeure (unforeseeable circumstances that prevent someone from fulfilling a contract) in December on part of their production because of maintenance issues and oilfield shutdowns.

Ecuador's government initiated force majeure over its oil exports and production contracts because of ongoing erosion in the Amazon region which ruptured Ecuador's state-owned pipeline. Ecuador's ministry did not provide details on when the pipeline would be repaired and resume operations. Libya's National Oil Company announced that crude oil production would be shut in from four of Libya's oilfields. Royal Dutch Shell's Nigerian subsidiary declared force majeure on exports of crude oil after the obstruction of a tanker path by a malfunctioning barge.

Air travel, and therefore, the consumption of jet fuel will be most affected by the Omicron variant. Thousands of flights have been cancelled or delayed as airline staff and crew called out sick. The Federal Aviation Administration also warned of possible delays due to the agency's own COVID-related staffing challenges.

In the United States, total cancellations for the holiday week reached 7,519 flights.⁶ In addition, JetBlue Airways Corp. said it would trim its schedule through mid-January as more of its crews are sickened by the latest coronavirus variant. The New York-based carrier said it would cancel about 1,280 flights through January 13th.⁷

In Europe, the Airport Council International reported that passenger traffic in European airports had decreased by 20% since the detection of the Omicron variant.⁸ The German airline Lufthansa plans to cancel 10% of its winter flight schedule due to the pandemic. From January through February 2022, around 33,000 flights will be cancelled by the airline.⁸

The Omicron variant may slow the recovery in demand for oil globally, but in a December report the International Energy Agency forecast the world's demand for oil to return to its pre-pandemic level during the course of next year.³ The agency is expecting an increase in global oil demand of 5.4 million barrels per day in 2021 and 3.3 million in 2022, when demand will return to pre-pandemic levels at 99.5 million barrels per day.⁹





THE OMICRON VARIANT'S IMPACT ON GLOBAL OIL MARKETS (CONTINUED)

On the output side, the U.S., Canada and Brazil are expected to pump oil at record levels, raising non-OPEC production by 1.8 million barrels a day in 2022.³ Saudi Arabia and Russia, the two leaders of OPEC+, could also set production records if the alliance continues its policy of undoing production cuts implemented last year when the pandemic's global economic impact was at its worst. At its last meeting, OPEC+ announced it plans to boost production by 400,000 barrels per day in January despite Omicron.²

The Omicron variant's impact on global oil markets and the global economy won't be as considerable as initially feared as the world becomes better equipped to manage COVID-19 and its related challenges. Governments and businesses now have more experience in dealing with the coronavirus. In addition, rising vaccination rates throughout the world could also play a part in lessening the variant's economic impact.

Sources:

¹⁾ World Oil, Oil Prices Reach Four-week High as Markets Account for Omicron, December 27, 2021.

²⁾ The Wall Street Journal, Omicron Oil Demand Impact Will Be 'Mild and Short-Lived,' OPEC Says, December 13, 2021.

³⁾ The Wall Street Journal, Omicron Will Slow Oil Demand Recovery but Not Destroy It, IEA Says, December 14, 2021.

⁴⁾ The U.S. Energy Information Administration.

⁵⁾ Reuters, Oil Settles Higher Despite Omicron Concerns, December 28, 2021.

⁶⁾ NewsNation Now, At a Glance: How Many Flights were Canceled During Holiday Week, December 30, 2021.

⁷⁾ The Wall Street Journal, JetBlue Trims Flights Through Mid-January as Omicron, Weather Challenge Airlines, December 29, 2021.

⁸⁾ SchengenVisalnfo.com, More Than 8,000 Flights Cancelled Worldwide Due to Large Spread of Omicron Variant, December 28, 2021.

⁹⁾ Hurriyet Daily News, IEA Sees 'More Comfortable' Year for Oil Market in 2022, December 15, 2021.

PETROLEUM PRODUCTS EQUITY COMPARABLES (1)

Petroleum Products (United States & Canada)

Tetroleum Froducts (Onited St	aces a Gamac	<u>u)</u>		Stock	% of	Total				
		LTM ⁽²⁾		Price	52-Week	Market	Enterprise	TEV	/ LTM	Net Debt ⁽⁴⁾ /
Company	Revenues	EBITDA	Margin	09/30/21	High	Сар	Value ⁽³⁾	Revenues	EBITDA	EBITDA
Calumet Specialty Products Partners, L.P.	\$2,836	\$19	0.7%	\$7.91	98.9%	\$622	\$2,137	0.8x	110.7x	76.0x
Chevron Corporation	134,588	28,544	21.2	101.45	89.7	196,195	232,381	1.7x	8.1x	l.lx
CVR Energy, Inc.	6,248	202	3.2	16.66	61.7	1,675	3,070	0.5×	15.2×	5.7x
EnLink Midstream, LLC	5,676	976	17.2	6.82	92.9	3,332	9,581	1.7x	9.8x	4.6x
Gibson Energy Inc.	5,072	275	5.4	18.40	86.2	2,696	3,931	0.8x	14.3×	4.6x
Exxon Mobil Corporation	242,299	33,627	13.9	58.82	90.6	249,018	313,150	1.3x	9.3x	1.5x
HollyFrontier Corporation	15,667	1,117	7.1	33.13	78.2	5,319	8,093	0.5×	7.2x	1.8x
Keyera Corp.	3,130	573	18.3	25.21	89.1	5,571	8,246	2.6x	14.4x	4.8x
Marathon Petroleum Corporation	103,033	5,927	5.8	61.81	95.3	39,447	59,775	0.6x	10.1x	2.6x
Parkland Corporation	14,842	897	6.0	28.15	78.9	4,276	7,777	0.5×	8.7x	3.9x
Phillips 66	95,334	352	0.4	70.03	74.2	30,672	47,509	0.5×	135.0×	37.6x
NuStar Energy L.P.	1,588	710	44.7	15.74	75.9	1,724	6,565	4.1x	9.3×	4.8x
Valero Energy Corporation	89,220	2,502	2.8	70.57	83.1	28,851	41,012	0.5x	16.4x	4.3×
Median			6.0%		86.2%			0.8x	10.1x	4.6x
Mean			11.3%		84.2%			1.2x	28.3x	11.8x

SELECTED TRANSACTIONS

Announced / Closed Date	Target(s)	Acquirer	Total Enterprise Value (TEV)	TEV / Revenues	TEV / EBITDA
4/24/2019	Anadarko Petroleum Corporation (NYSE:APC)	Occidental Petroleum Corporation (NYSE:OXY)	\$57,809.2	4.4x	7.6×
10/22/2018	EnLink Midstream Partners, LP (NYSE:ENLK)	EnLink Midstream, LLC (NYSE:ENLC)	\$12,923.5	1.7x	12.2x
8/27/2018	Blue Ridge Mountain Resources, Inc. (OTCPK:BRMR)	Eclipse Resources Corporation (NYSE:ECR)	\$348.0	3.6x	12.8x
8/1/2018	Energy Transfer Operating, LP	Energy Transfer, LP (NYSE:ET)	\$69,430.8	2.1x	10.9x
5/17/2018	Enbridge Energy Partners, LP (NYSE:EEP)	Enbridge Inc. (TSX:ENB)	\$15,925.8	6.6x	10.1x
4/30/2018	Andeavor (NYSE:ANDV)	Marathon Petroleum Corporation (NYSE:MPC)	\$35,103.0	0.9x	12.7x
11/8/2017	Alon USA Partners, LP	Delek US Holdings, Inc. (NYSE:DK)	\$1,050.4	0.5x	5.9x
4/5/2017	Houghton International Inc.	Quaker Chemical Corporation (NYSE:KWR)	\$1,415.4	-	11.8x
2/2/2017	ONEOK Partners, LP	ONEOK, Inc. (NYSE:OKE)	\$23,722.4	2.7x	12.9x

⁽¹⁾ Matching public companies to middle-market companies is an imperfect comparable analysis due to the variables of size, equipment, markets, etc. Nonetheless JKC's research has yielded this list as the closest available.

⁽²⁾ LTM is defined as last twelve months.

⁽³⁾ Total Enterprise Value is defined as market capitalization plus total debt less cash and cash equivalents.

⁽⁴⁾ Net Debt is defined as total debt less cash and cash equivalents.





NATURAL GAS

EQUITY COMPARABLES (1)

Natural Gas (United States & Canada)

·				Stock	% of		Total			
	-	LTM ⁽²⁾		Price	52-Week	Market	Enterprise	TEV /	LTM	Net Debt ⁽⁴⁾ /
Company	Revenues	EBITDA	Margin	09/30/21	High	Сар	Value ⁽³⁾	Revenues	EBITDA	EBITDA
Alliant Energy Corporation	\$3,559	\$1,406	39.5%	\$55.98	89.8%	\$14,009	\$21,505	6.0x	15.3x	5.2x
AltaGas Ltd.	7,215	1,190	16.5	19.76	92.8	5,537	13,153	1.8x	II.lx	5.4x
Atmos Energy Corporation	3,407	1,364	40.0	88.20	84.0	11,536	18,254	5.4x	13.4x	5.5x
Avista Corporation	1,388	467	33.7	39.12	79.6	2,725	5,208	3.8x	11.2x	5.4x
Baytex Energy Corp.	1,007	3,466	344.3	2.73	96.1	1,540	2,796	2.8x	0.8x	0.4x
Calumet Specialty Products Partners, L.P.	2,836	19	0.7	7.91	98.9	622	2,137	0.8x	110.7x	76.0x
Cenovus Energy Inc.	28,360	4,685	16.5	10.10	98.0	20,377	33,037	1.2x	7.1x	2.4x
Chesapeake Utilities Corporation	547	202	36.9	120.05	90.0	2,110	2,797	5.1×	13.9x	3.6x
Corning Natural Gas Holding Corporation	35	9	24.6	24.20	98.2	75	150	4.3×	17.3×	8.8x
Crestwood Equity Partners LP	3,843	434	11.3	28.38	83.6	1,785	5,475	1.4x	12.6x	4.7×
Dominion Energy, Inc.	13,605	6,032	44.3	73.02	84.0	59,036	101,292	7.4x	16.8x	6.9x
EnLink Midstream, LLC	5,676	976	17.2	6.82	92.9	3,332	9,581	1.7x	9.8x	4.6x
Enbridge Inc.	35,242	9,180	26.0	39.91	98.3	80,845	143,155	4.1x	15.6x	6.1x
Enterprise Products Partners L.P.	36,481	7,900	21.7	21.64	84.2	47,292	76,899	2.1x	9.7x	3.5×
Epsilon Energy Ltd.	35	14	41.1	6.44	98.8	152	133	3.9x	9.4x	(1.5)x
Eversource Energy	9,615	3,171	33.0	81.76	84.6	28,096	47,207	4.9x	14.9x	6.1x
Genesis Energy, L.P.	1,997	353	17.7	9.97	78.0	1,222	5,620	2.8x	15.9x	9.5x
National Fuel Gas Company	1,743	976	56.0	52.52	95.1	4,789	7,299	4.2×	7.5×	2.8×
New Jersey Resources Corporation	2,157	404	18.7	34.81	78.4	3,357	5,888	2.7x	14.6x	6.8x
Northwest Natural Holding Company	827	294	35.6	45.99	81.0	1,411	2,688	3.3x	9.1x	4.7x
MDU Resources Group, Inc.	5,623	860	15.3	29.67	84.7	6,006	8,448	1.5x	9.8x	2.8×
OGE Energy Corp.	3,558	938	26.4	32.96	89.7	6,598	11,477	3.2x	12.2x	5.2×
ONE Gas, Inc.	1,699	510	30.0	63.37	76.9	3,390	7,264	4.3x	14.2x	7.9x
ONEOK, Inc.	13,690	3,083	22.5	57.99	97.0	25,844	39,886	2.9×	12.9x	4.6x
RGC Resources, Inc.	75	24	31.9	22.50	82.1	188	318	4.2×	13.3x	5.8×
South Jersey Industries, Inc.	1,838	514	28.0	21.26	72.7	2,181	5,402	2.9×	10.5x	6.6×
Southwest Gas Holdings, Inc.	3,510	759	21.6	66.88	89.2	3,952	7,221	2.1x	9.5×	5.2×
Summit Midstream Partners, LP	399	176	44.1	35.55	76.2	240	1,793	4.5×	10.2x	7.5x
Targa Resources Corp.	14,081	2,147	15.2	49.21	97.4	11,252	21,979	1.6x	10.2x	3.1x
TC Energy Corporation	10,361	6,580	63.5	48.21	93.2	47,210	89,010	8.6×	13.5×	6.2x

Median	27.2%	89.4%	3.2x	12.4x	5.3x
Mean	39.1%	88.2%	3.5x	15.1x	7.4x

⁽¹⁾ Matching public companies to middle-market companies is an imperfect comparable analysis due to the variables of size, equipment, markets, etc. Nonetheless JKC's research has yielded this list as the closest available.

⁽²⁾ LTM is defined as last twelve months.

⁽³⁾ Total Enterprise Value is defined as market capitalization plus total debt less cash and cash equivalents.

⁽⁴⁾ Net Debt is defined as total debt less cash and cash equivalents.

NATURAL GAS SELECTED TRANSACTIONS (1)

Announced / Closed Date	Target(s)	Acquirer	Total Enterprise Value (TEV)	TEV / Revenues	TEV / EBITDA
10/26/2021	Oasis Midstream Partners LP (NasdaqGS:OMP)	Crestwood Equity Partners LP (NYSE:CEQP)	\$1,807.8	4.8x	8.1x
10/14/2021	Southwest Gas Holdings, Inc. (NYSE:SWX)	Icahn Enterprises L.P. (NasdaqGS:IEP)	\$8,571.9	2.3x	10.6x
2/17/2021	Enable Midstream Partners, LP (NYSE:ENBL)	Energy Transfer LP (NYSE:ET)	\$7,329.7	3.1x	9.5x
1/13/2021	Corning Natural Gas Holding Corporation (OTCPK:CNIG)	G)		4.6x	17.2x
7/27/2020	CNX Midstream Partners LP (NYSE:CNXM)	CNX Resources Corporation (NYSE:CNX)	\$764.2	5.1x	6.6x
2/27/2020	EQM Midstream Partners, LP	Equitrans Midstream Corporation (NYSE:ETRN)	\$4,395.8	7.6x	8.1x
10/21/2019	AltaGas Canada Inc. (TSX:ACI)	,		5.2x	15.2x
9/16/2019	SemGroup Corporation	Energy Transfer LP (NYSE:ET)	\$5,007.4	1.9x	11.2x
8/27/2019	Tallgrass Energy, LP (NYSE:TGE)	The Blackstone Group Inc. (NYSE:BX)	\$9,337.3	9.9x	9.9x
5/8/2019	Andeavor Logistics LP	MPLX LP (NYSE:MPLX)	\$14,804.7	5.6x	10.6x
4/24/2019	Anadarko Petroleum Corporation (NYSE:APC)	Occidental Petroleum Corporation (NYSE:OXY)	\$57,809.2	4.4x	7.6x
11/8/2018	Western Gas Partners, LP (NYSE:WES)	Western Gas Equity Partners, LP (NYSE:WGP)	\$13,427.9	6.5x	12.0x
10/22/2018	EnLink Midstream Partners, LP (NYSE:ENLK)	EnLink Midstream, LLC (NYSE:ENLC)	\$12,923.5	1.7x	12.2x
10/9/2018	Antero Midstream Partners LP (NYSE:AM)	Antero Midstream GP LP (NYSE:AMGP)	\$7,359.7	7.7×	11.5x
9/28/2018	American Midstream Partners, LP (NYSE:AMID)	ArcLight Capital Partners, LLC	\$1,595.1	2.0×	14.2x
8/27/2018	Blue Ridge Mountain Resources, Inc. (OTCPK:BRMR)	Eclipse Resources Corporation (NYSE:ECR)	\$348.0	3.6x	12.8x
8/1/2018	Energy Transfer Operating, LP	Energy Transfer, LP (NYSE:ET)	\$69,430.8	2.1x	10.9x
5/17/2018	Williams Partners LP (NYSE:WPZ)	The Williams Companies, Inc. (NYSE:WMB)	\$57,052.1	7.0×	14.1x
4/25/2018	Rice Midstream Partners LP (NYSE:RMP)	EQM Midstream Partners, LP (NYSE:EQM)	\$2,443.1	7.7x	9.9x

⁽I) Total Enterprise Value is defined as market capitalization plus total debt less cash and cash equivalents.





PROPANE AND HEATING/FUEL OIL

EQUITY COMPARABLES (1)

Propane and Heating/Fuel Oil (United States & Canada)

				Stock	% of		Total			
		LTM ⁽²⁾		Price	52-Week	Market	Enterprise	TEV /	LTM	Net Debt ⁽⁴⁾ /
Company	Revenues	EBITDA	Margin	09/30/21	High	Сар	Value ⁽³⁾	Revenues	EBITDA	EBITDA
Ferrellgas Partners, L.P.	\$1,848	\$309	16.7%	\$24.76	97.7%	\$120	\$2,068	l.lx	6.7x	6.3x
NGL Energy Partners LP	6,457	426	6.6	2.37	54.0	307	4,686	0.7x	11.0x	8.3x
Spire Inc.	2,236	659	29.5	61.18	78.5	3,162	6,891	3.1x	10.5×	5.7x
Star Group, L.P.	1,497	161	10.7	10.19	84.7	404	610	0.4x	3.8×	1.3x
Suburban Propane Partners, L.P.	1,289	318	24.7	15.35	84.4	960	2,222	1.7x	7.0×	3.9x
UGI Corporation	7,447	2,949	39.6	42.62	87.8	8,912	14,643	2.0x	5.0x	2.2x
Median			20.7%		84.6%			1.4x	6.8x	4.8x

81.2%

21.3%

SELECTED TRANSACTIONS

Announced / Closed Date	Target(s)	Acquirer	Total Enterprise Value (TEV)	TEV / Revenues	TEV / EBITDA
7/14/2021	Kamps Propane, Inc.	Superior Plus Corp. (TSX:SPB)	\$240.0	-	8.9x
4/22/2021	Assets of Freeman Gas, Inc.	Superior Plus Corp. (TSX:SPB)	\$170.0	-	-
2/11/2021	Assets of Highlands Propane Inc.	Superior Plus Corp. (TSX:SPB)	\$10.9	-	-
2/11/2021	Miller Propane Inc.	Superior Plus Corp. (TSX:SPB)	\$5.9	-	-
1/26/2021	All of the Assets of Holden Oil, Inc.	Superior Plus Corp. (TSX:SPB)	\$17.8	-	-
11/11/2020	Assets of Petroleum Heat and Power Co., Inc.	Superior Plus Corp. (TSX:SPB)	\$6.1	-	-
10/15/2020	Central Coast Propane, Inc.	Superior Plus Corp. (TSX:SPB)	\$12.9	-	-
9/1/2020	Simmons Energy Solutions Inc.	MFA Oil Company	-	-	-
8/25/2020	Rymes Propane & Oils, Inc.	Superior Plus Corp. (TSX:SPB)	\$159.0	-	-
7/28/2020	Champagne's Energy, Inc.	Superior Plus Corp. (TSX:SPB)	\$27.3	-	-
2/6/2020	All American Propane, Inc.	ThompsonGas LLC	-	-	-
1/9/2020	Evelyn Jeanne, Inc., d/b/a Western Propane Service	Superior Plus Corp. (TSX:SPB)	-	-	-
11/13/2019	Propane Distribution Assets in New Brunswick and Quebec	Superior Plus Corp. (TSX:SPB)	\$3.7	-	-
11/13/2019	Propane Distribution Assets in North Carolina	Superior Plus Corp. (TSX:SPB)	\$1.2	-	-

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⁽²⁾ LTM is defined as last twelve months.

⁽³⁾ Total Enterprise Value is defined as market capitalization plus total debt less cash and cash equivalents.

⁽⁴⁾ Net Debt is defined as total debt less cash and cash equivalents.

DRILLING

EQUITY COMPARABLES (1)

Drilling	(United	States	&	<u>Canada</u>	.)

				Stock	% of		Total			
		LTM ⁽²⁾		Price	52-Week	Market	Enterprise	TEV /	LTM	Net Debt ⁽⁴⁾ /
Company	Revenues	EBITDA	Margin	09/30/21	High	Сар	Value ⁽³⁾	Revenues	EBITDA	EBITDA
AKITA Drilling Ltd.	\$76	\$6	7.2%	\$0.83	70.0%	\$34	\$90	1.2x	16.2x	10.8x
Baker Hughes Company	20,512	2,909	14.2	24.73	93.1	20,488	26,314	1.3x	9.0x	0.8x
CES Energy Solutions Corp.	824	64	7.8	1.50	92.7	383	623	0.8x	9.8x	4.6x
Ensign Energy Services Inc.	712	139	19.5	1.49	75.2	241	1,294	1.8x	9.3x	8.1x
Halliburton Company	14,255	2,355	16.5	21.62	86.5	19,253	27,178	1.9x	11.5×	3.3×
Helmerich & Payne, Inc.	1,219	67	5.5	27.41	75.6	2,958	2,897	2.4x	43.3x	(0.6)x
Independence Contract Drilling, Inc.	73	(7)	(9.1)	3.00	37.6	22	165	2.3x	NM	NM
NOV Inc.	5,334	(76)	(1.4)	13.11	72.8	5,122	6,006	l.lx	NM	NM
Precision Drilling Corporation	707	110	15.5	40.49	93.6	539	1,441	2.0x	13.1x	8.4x
Secure Energy Services Inc.	2,294	102	4.5	3.76	92.5	1,160	1,635	0.7x	16.0x	10.1x
Valaris Limited	1,223	48	3.9	34.88	97.6	2,616	2,568	2.lx	54.0x	(1.3)x
Median			7.2%		86.5%			1.8x	13.1x	4.6x

Median	7.2%	86.5%	1.8x	13.1x	4.6x
Mean	7.6%	80.6%	1.6x	20.2x	4.9x

SELECTED TRANSACTIONS

Announced / Closed Date	Target(s)	Acquirer	Total Enterprise Value (TEV)	TEV / Revenues	TEV / EBITDA
5/4/2020	Quintana Energy Services Inc.	KLX Energy Services Holdings, Inc. (NasdaqGS:KLXE)	\$49.6	0.1x	2.lx
10/8/2018	Rowan Companies plc (NYSE:RDC)	Ensco plc (NYSE:ESV) / Valaris plc (NYSE:VAL)	\$3,139.1	3.8x	43.9x
10/1/2018	Sidewinder Drilling LLC	Independence Contract Drilling Inc. (NYSE:ICD)	\$291.8	2.6x	45.1x
8/27/2018	Blue Ridge Mountain Resources, Inc. (OTCPK:BRMR)	Eclipse Resources Corporation (NYSE:ECR)	\$347.9	3.6x	12.8x
8/13/2018	Trinidad Drilling Ltd. (TSX:TDG)	Ensign Energy Services Inc. (TSX:ESI)	\$714.0	1.5x	5.1×
6/5/2018	Xtreme Drilling Corp.	AKITA Drilling Ltd. (TSX:AKT.A)	\$155.0	2.8x	162.4x
2/15/2018	Layne Christensen Company (NasdaqGS:LAYN)	Granite Construction Incorporated (NYSE:GVA)	\$491.9	1.0x	16.5×
5/30/2017	Atwood Oceanics, Inc. (NYSE:ATW)	Ensco plc (NYSE:ESV)	\$1,759.6	2.2x	4.7x
5/19/2017	Savanna Energy Services Corp.	Total Energy Services Inc. (TSX:TOT)	\$458.2	1.4x	16.6x

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LUBRICANTS AND GREASES

EQUITY COMPARABLES (1)

Lubricants and Greases (United States & Canada)

Lubricants and Greases	Onited State	s & Cana	ua)	Stock	% of		Total			
		LTM ⁽²⁾		Price	52-Week	Market	Enterprise	TEV /	LTM	Net Debt ⁽⁴⁾ /
Company	Revenues	EBITDA	Margin	09/30/21	High	Сар	Value ⁽³⁾	Revenues	EBITDA	EBITDA
Albemarle Corporation	\$3,313	\$809	24.4%	\$218.97	86.5%	\$25,609	\$27,206	8.2x	33.6x	2.0x
Ashland Global Holdings Inc.	2,111	434	20.6	89.12	92.9	5,413	6,972	3.3x	16.1x	4.4x
Clean Harbors, Inc.	3,482	597	17.1	103.87	97.2	5,651	6,702	1.9x	11.2x	1.7x
CSW Industrials, Inc.	540	124	22.9	127.70	88.8	2,009	2,303	4.3x	18.6x	2.1x
FMC Corporation	4,784	1,238	25.9	91.56	74.0	11,784	15,069	3.1x	12.2x	2.6x
Ingevity Corporation	1,381	450	32.6	71.37	79.7	2,821	3,926	2.8x	8.7x	2.4x
Kraton Corporation	1,865	357	19.1	45.64	98.7	1,467	2,463	1.3x	6.9x	2.5x
NewMarket Corporation	2,307	408	17.7	338.77	78.3	3,702	4,227	1.8x	10.4x	1.5x
Ocean Bio-Chem, Inc.	63	13	19.9	9.42	52.2	89	85	1.3x	6.8x	(0.1)x
Quaker Chemical Corporation	1,700	270	15.9	237.72	78.7	4,250	5,039	3.0x	18.6x	2.9x
Stepan Company	2,231	269	12.1	112.94	81.1	2,537	2,722	1.2x	10.1x	0.9x
Synalloy Corporation	295	29	9.7	10.99	91.8	102	194	0.7x	6.8x	2.8x
Trecora Resources	256	18	7.2	8.18	89.2	200	220	0.9x	11.9x	0.6x
Valvoline Inc.	2,981	731	24.5	31.18	90.0	5,636	7,380	2.5×	10.1x	2.7×
Median			19.5%		87.7%			2.2x	10.8x	2.2x
Mean			19.3%		84.2%			2.6x	13.0x	2.1x

SELECTED TRANSACTIONS

Announced / Closed Date	Target(s)	Acquirer	Total Enterprise Value (TEV)	TEV / Revenues	TEV / EBITDA
9/27/2021	Kraton Corporation (NYSE:KRA)	DL Chemical Co., Ltd.	\$2,568.0	I.4x	8.3x
12/7/2020	Gabriel Performance Products, LLC	Huntsman Corporation (NYSE:HUN)	\$250.0	2.4x	11.0x
7/12/2019	Milacron Holdings Corp. (NYSE:MCRN)	Hillenbrand, Inc. (NYSE:HI)	\$2,051.1	1.7x	12.9x
4/23/2019	Synalloy Corporation (NasdaqGM:SYNL)	Privet Fund Management, LLC	\$308.8	1.0x	10.9x
9/13/2018	MPM Holdings Inc. (OTCPK:MPMQ)	KCC Corporation (KOSE:A002380); SJL Partners; Wonik QnC Corporation (KOSDAQ:A074600)	\$2,664.9	1.0x	7.4x
8/15/2018	KMG Chemicals, Inc.	Cabot Microelectronics Corporation (NasdaqGS:CCMP)	\$1,606.5	3.5x	13.5x

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SOLAR

EQUITY COMPARABLES (1)

Solar (United States & Canada)

		LTM ⁽²⁾		Stock Price	% of 52-Week	Market	Total Enterprise	TEV /	LTM	Net Debt ⁽⁴⁾ /
Company	Revenues	EBITDA	Margin	09/30/21	High	Сар	Value ⁽³⁾	Revenues	EBITDA	EBITDA
Boralex Inc.	\$545	\$345	63.3%	\$29.58	66.0%	\$3,035	\$6,150	11.3x	17.8x	8.6x
Capital Power Corporation	1,283	714	55.7	33.78	94.8	3,889	7,087	5.5x	9.9x	3.2x
NextEra Energy Partners, LP	963	661	68.6	75.36	85.4	5,774	16,298	16.9x	24.7×	6.7x
NRG Energy, Inc.	21,970	5,107	23.2	40.83	88.6	9,994	18,775	0.9x	3.7x	1.7x
Sunrun Inc.	1,495	(291)	(19.5)	44.00	43.6	9,061	15,932	10.7x	NM	NM
Median			55.7%		85.4%			10.7x	13.9x	4.9x
Mean			38.3%		75.7%			9.0x	14.0x	5.0x

SELECTED TRANSACTIONS

Announced / Closed Date	Target(s)	Acquirer	Total Enterprise Value (TEV)	TEV / Revenues	TEV / EBITDA
6/16/2021	Solarpack Corporacion Tecnologica, S.A. (BME:SPK)	EQT Infrastructure V; EQT Partners AB	\$1,543.1	9.5x	20.7x
1/13/2020	TerraForm Power, Inc. (NasdaqGS:TERP)	Brookfield Renewable Partners L.P. (TSX:BEP.UN)	\$10,880.5	9.5x	13.0x
11/4/2019	Pattern Energy Group Inc. (NasdaqGS:PEGI)	Canada Pension Plan Investment Board	\$6,293.7	11.5x	16.1x
2/5/2018	8point3 Energy Partners LP (NasdaqGS:CAFD)	Capital Dynamics, Inc.	\$1,671.3	23.8x	17.0x
5/4/2017	Up to 20 Megawatts of Solar Energy Power Generation Assets	Kontrol Energy Corp. (CNSX:KNR)	\$22.6	-	4.1x
3/7/2017	TerraForm Global, Inc. (NasdaqGS:GLBL)	Orion US Holdings I LP	\$1,651.8	6.6x	17.2x
1/20/2016	Capstone Infrastructure Corporation	Irving Infrastructure Corp.	\$1,435.1	=	12.7x
12/3/2014	Hawaiian Electric Industries, Inc. (NYSE:HE)	NextEra Energy, Inc. (NYSE:NEE)	\$4,398.8	1.3x	8.5×

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WIND

EQUITY COMPARABLES (1)

Wind (United States & Canada)

				Stock	% of		Total			
		LTM ⁽²⁾		Price	52-Week	Market	Enterprise	TEV /	LTM	Net Debt ⁽⁴⁾ /
Company	Revenues	EBITDA	Margin	09/30/21	High	Сар	Value ⁽³⁾	Revenues	EBITDA	EBITDA
Algonquin Power & Utilities Corp.	\$2,182	\$763	35.0%	\$14.69	81.9%	\$9,138	\$17,475	8.0x	22.9x	8.9×
Avangrid, Inc.	6,710	1,882	28.0	48.60	86.5	18,818	25,658	3.8x	13.6x	3.5×
Boralex Inc.	545	345	63.3	29.58	66.0	3,035	6,150	11.3x	17.8x	8.6×
Brookfield Renewable Partners L.P.	3,977	2,402	60.4	37.01	73.8	17,523	48,953	12.3x	20.4x	8.2x
Innergex Renewable Energy Inc.	564	396	70.2	16.06	62.5	3,095	6,986	12.4x	17.7x	9.3x
NextEra Energy Partners, LP	963	661	68.6	75.36	85. 4	5,774	16,298	16.9x	24.7x	6.7x
Northland Power Inc.	1,539	1,005	65.3	31.48	77. 4	7,116	12,547	8.2x	12.5x	6.0x
TransAlta Renewables Inc.	363	195	53.8	15.02	77.6	4,008	4,535	12.5x	23.2x	2.5x

Median	61.8%	77.5%	11.8x	19.1x	7.4x
Mean	55.6%	76.4%	10.7x	19.1x	6.7x

SELECTED TRANSACTIONS

Announced / Closed Date	Target(s)	Acquirer	Total Enterprise Value (TEV)	TEV / Revenues	TEV / EBITDA
1/13/2020	TerraForm Power, Inc. Brookfield Renewable Partners LP. (NasdaqGS:TERP) (TSX:BEP.UN)		\$10,880.5	9.5x	13.0x
11/4/2019	Pattern Energy Group Inc. (NasdaqGS:PEGI)	Canada Pension Plan Investment Board	\$6,293.7	11.5x	16.1x
10/21/2019	AltaGas Canada Inc. (TSX:ACI)	Alberta Teachers' Retirement Fund Board; Public Sector Pension Investment	\$1,278.2	5.2x	15.2x
10/30/2017	Alterra Power Corp. (TSX:AXY)	Innergex Renewable Energy Inc. (TSX:INE)	\$745.0	10.6x	31.0x
7/27/2017	Boralex Inc. (TSX:BLX)	Caisse de dépôt et placement du Québec	\$3,436.5	12.5x	20.3x
6/19/2017	Pattern Energy Group Inc. (NasdaqGS:PEGI)	Public Sector Pension Investment Board	\$4,313.7	12.2x	18.6x
3/7/2017	TerraForm Global, Inc. (NasdaqGS:GLBL)	Orion US Holdings I LP	\$1,651.8	6.6x	17.2x
1/20/2016	Capstone Infrastructure Corporation	Irving Infrastructure Corp.	\$1,435.1	-	12.7x

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OIL AND GAS FIELD SERVICES

EQUITY COMPARABLES (1)

Oil and Gas	Field Services	(United States	& Canada)

				Stock	% of		Total			
		LTM ⁽²⁾		Price	52-Week	Market	Enterprise	TEV	/ LTM	Net Debt ⁽⁴⁾ /
Company	Revenues	EBITDA	Margin	09/30/21	High	Сар	Value ⁽³⁾	Revenues	EBITDA	EBITDA
Archrock, Inc.	\$786	\$325	41.4%	\$8.25	76.4%	\$1,271	\$2,900	3.7x	8.9x	4.7x
Baker Hughes Company	20,512	2,909	14.2	24.73	93.1	20,488	26,314	1.3x	9.0x	0.8×
Blueknight Energy Partners, L.P.	115	52	44.9	3.05	71.6	127	(138)	(1.2)x	(2.7)x	2.1x
Cathedral Energy Services Ltd.	37	(4)	(10.3)	0.36	88.5	29	44	1.2x	NM	NM
CES Energy Solutions Corp.	824	64	7.8	1.50	92.7	383	623	0.8x	9.8x	4.6x
Cypress Environmental Partners, L.P.	142	4	3.1	1.78	46.1	22	97	0.7x	21.9x	11.9x
Dawson Geophysical Company	23	(17)	(74.9)	2.49	55.7	59	24	1.0x	NM	NM
ENGlobal Corporation	41	(10)	(23.8)	2.67	28.4	94	73	1.8x	NM	NM
Enservco Corporation	14	(5)	(39.0)	1.43	41.4	16	32	2.4x	NM	NM
Ensign Energy Services Inc.	712	139	19.5	1.49	75.2	241	1,294	1.8x	9.3x	8.1x
Enterprise Group, Inc.	13	4	30.0	0.21	88.3	10	19	1.4x	4.7×	2.4x
Essential Energy Services Ltd.	88	4	4.3	0.27	78.4	39	39	0.4x	10.4x	0.4x
High Arctic Energy Services Inc	55	5	9.3	1.07	82.3	52	42	0.8x	8.2x	(1.8)x
Innospec Inc.	1,381	172	12.5	84.22	78.2	2,075	2,018	1.5x	11.7x	(0.3)×
Matrix Service Company	659	(36)	(5.5)	10.46	64.1	279	222	0.3x	NM	NM
Mullen Group Ltd.	1,054	157	14.9	10.19	92.3	972	1,535	1.5x	9.8x	3.7x
Newpark Resources, Inc.	565	23	4.0	3.30	80.9	304	370	0.7x	16.4x	3.8×
North American Construction Group Ltd.	483	130	27.0	14.72	85.1	415	738	1.5x	5.7x	2.5×
Parkland Corporation	14,842	897	6.0	28.15	78.9	4,276	7,777	0.5×	8.7x	3.9x
Precision Drilling Corporation	707	110	15.5	40.49	93.6	539	1,441	2.0x	13.1x	8.4x
Profire Energy, Inc.	24	(0)	(8.1)	1.15	66.1	55	43	1.8x	NM	NM
ProPetro Holding Corp.	783	110	14.0	8.65	61.8	893	821	1.0x	7.5×	(8.0)
Secure Energy Services Inc.	2,294	102	4.5	3.76	92.5	1,160	1,635	0.7x	16.0x	10.1x
Select Energy Services, Inc.	643	18	2.8	5.19	68.5	476	501	0.8x	28.1x	(2.3)×
Shawcor Ltd.	951	82	8.6	4.48	73.2	315	541	0.6x	6.6x	2.6x
Smart Sand, Inc.	117	(20)	(17.2)	2.45	58.9	106	125	l.lx	NM	NM
STEP Energy Services Ltd.	355	13	3.8	1.30	82.9	89	253	0.7x	18.9x	13.2x
USA Compression Partners, LP	631	381	60.4	16.57	96.2	1,608	4,034	6.4x	10.6×	5.2x

Median	6.9%	78.3%	l.lx	9.8x	3.7x
Mean	6.3%	74.7%	1.3x	II.lx	4.0x

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EQUIPMENT AND PHYSICAL TECHNOLOGY

EQUITY COMPARABLES (1)

Equipment and Physical Technology (United States & Canada)

Equipment and I hysical I centrol	ogy (Gineca Grace		-,	Stock	% of		Total			
		LTM ⁽²⁾		Price	52-Week	Market	Enterprise	TEV /	LTM	Net Debt ⁽⁴⁾ /
Company	Revenues	EBITDA	Margin	09/30/21	High	Сар	Value ⁽³⁾	Revenues	EBITDA	EBITDA
AKITA Drilling Ltd.	\$76	\$6	7.2%	\$0.83	70.0%	\$34	\$90	1.2x	16.2x	10.8x
CSI Compressco LP	278	82	29.5	1.80	76.4	86	750	2.7x	9.2x	7.9x
Enerflex Ltd.	742	106	14.3	7.34	95.2	658	894	1.2x	8.4x	2.3x
Exterran Corporation	595	123	20.6	4.44	74.4	143	706	1.2x	5.7x	4.5x
Forum Energy Technologies, Inc.	506	(90)	(17.8)	22.54	79.I	127	339	0.7×	NM	NM
Geospace Technologies Corporation	95	I	0.6	9.55	77.0	126	97	1.0x	167.4x	(38.4)x
Gulf Island Fabrication, Inc.	224	(22)	(9.9)	3.97	74.9	62	9	0.0x	NM	NM
Halliburton Company	14,255	2,355	16.5	21.62	86.5	19,253	27,178	1.9x	11.5×	3.3x
Hanwei Energy Services Corp.	8	(0)	(0.4)	0.02	57.2	3	6	0.8x	NM	NM
Helix Energy Solutions Group, Inc.	666	106	15.9	3.88	57.4	585	805	1.2x	7.6×	1.8x
ION Geophysical Corporation	105	19	18.3	1.33	24.9	39	190	1.8x	9.9x	7.8x
Key Energy Services, Inc.	238	(15)	(6.5)	2.00	25.0	28	83	0.3×	NM	NM
McCoy Global Inc.	26	0	1.4	0.55	77.8	16	16	0.6x	NM	(3.0)x
MIND Technology, Inc.	26	(11)	(40.8)	1.88	57.1	26	53	2.1x	NM	NM
Nabors Industries Ltd.	1,917	461	24.0	96.48	72.2	795	3,742	2.0x	8.1x	5.0x
NOV Inc.	5,334	(76)	(1.4)	13.11	72.8	5,122	6,006	l.lx	NM	NM
Natural Gas Services Group, Inc.	71	19	26.9	10.38	84.9	139	113	1.6x	5.9x	(1.3)x
PHX Energy Services Corp.	231	26	11.3	3.78	96.8	189	201	0.9x	7.7x	0.4x
RPC, Inc.	745	48	6.4	4.86	65.4	1,035	940	1.3×	19.6x	(8.0)
Schlumberger Limited	22,236	4,604	20.7	29.64	80.4	41,450	54,788	2.5×	11.9x	2.7x
Solaris Oilfield Infrastructure, Inc.	139	23	16.9	8.34	55.3	266	324	2.3×	13.9x	(1.5)x
Superior Drilling Products, Inc.	11	0	2.2	1.75	96.2	45	50	4.6x	NM	17.9x
TechnipFMC plc	13,001	1,248	9.6	7.53	57.7	3,394	5,103	0.4x	4.1x	1.2x
TerraVest Industries Inc.	243	48	19.8	19.21	82.3	337	436	1.8x	9.1x	3.0x
TETRA Technologies, Inc.	351	16	4.5	3.12	69.5	395	549	1.6x	35.0×	9.9x
Weatherford International plc	3,522	516	14.7	19.67	94.9	1,379	3,027	0.9x	5.9x	3.0x

Median	10.4%	74.6%	1.2x	9.1x	2.8x
Mean	7.9%	71.6%	1.4x	19.8x	1.8x

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OIL AND GAS FIELD SERVICES AND EQUIPMENT AND PHYSICAL TECHNOLOGY

Announced / Closed Date	Target(s)	Acquirer	Total Enterprise Value (TEV)	TEV / Revenues	TEV / EBITDA
12/13/2021	Nuverra Environmental Solutions, Inc. (NYSEAM:NES)	Select Energy Services, Inc. (NYSE:WTTR)	\$51.9	0.5x	20.2x
10/22/2021	FTS International, Inc. (NYSEAM:FTSI)	ProFrac Holding Corp.	\$305.1	0.7x	4.0x
8/4/2021	Alamo Pressure Pumping, LLC	NexTier Completion Solutions, Inc.	\$238.0	-	3.4x
3/9/2021	Tervita Corporation (TSX:TEV)	Secure Energy Services Inc. (TSX:SES)	\$1,022.9	0.9x	6.7x
12/21/2020	RigNet, Inc. (NasdaqGS:RNET)	Viasat, Inc. (NasdaqGS:VSAT)	\$235.7	1.0x	8.6x
12/7/2020	SEACOR Holdings Inc. (NYSE:CKH)	American Industrial Partners	\$845.5	1.5x	II.lx
9/1/2020	OneStim Business	Liberty Oilfield Services Inc. (NYSE:LBRT)	\$427.8	0.1x	1.5x
9/1/2020	Calfrac Well Services Ltd. (TSX:CFW)	THRC Holdings, LP	\$675.7	0.8x	34.9x
5/3/2020	Quintana Energy Services Inc. (NYSE:QES)	KLX Energy Services Holdings, Inc. (NasdaqGS:KLXE)	\$49.6	0.1x	2.1x
2/23/2020	Strad Inc. (TSX:SDY)	Management	\$116.6	l.lx	3.5x
11/20/2019	W&W Energy Services, Inc.	Petrofac Limited (LSE:PFC)	\$24.8	-	-
6/17/2019	C&J Energy Services, Inc. (NYSE:CJ)	Keane Group, Inc. (NYSE:FRAC)	\$699.2	0.3x	2.9x
3/20/2019	Red Bone Services LLC/Tecton Energy Services Ltd.	KLX Energy Services Holdings, Inc. (NasdaqGS:KLXE)	\$82.5	-	4.8x
1/20/2019	ZCL Composites Inc. (TSX:ZCL)	Shawcor Ltd. (TSX:SCL)	\$233.7	1.7x	12.5x
10/29/2018	Adler Hot Oil Service, LLC.	Enservco Corporation (AMEX:ENSV)	\$12.5	0.7x	4.3x
6/5/2018	Xtreme Drilling Corp.	AKITA Drilling Ltd. (TSX:AKT.A)	\$155.0	2.8x	162.4x
5/1/2018	KLX Inc. (NasdaqGS:KLXI)	Aviall Inc.	\$4,482.9	-	15.7x
4/16/2018	Aveda Transportation and Energy Services Inc. (TSXV:AVE)	Daseke Companies, Inc.	\$2,139.8	0.7x	4.8x
1/16/2018	USA Compression Partners, LP (NYSE:USAC)	Energy Transfer Partners, LP (NYSE:ETP); Energy Transfer Equity, LP (NYSE:ETE)	\$2,033.4	7.3x	14.3x
1/2/2018	Archrock Partners, LP	Archrock, Inc. (NYSE:AROC)	\$2,405.5	4.3x	10.5×
12/11/2017	Pure Technologies Ltd.	Xylem Inc. (NYSE:XYL)	\$395.2	4.0x	26.5×
5/19/2017	Savanna Energy Services Corp.	Total Energy Services Inc. (TSX:TOT)	\$458.2	1.8x	16.6x

⁽I) Total Enterprise Value is defined as market capitalization plus total debt less cash and cash equivalents.





STORAGE AND TERMINALS

EQUITY COMPARABLES (1)

Storage and Terminals (United States & Canada)

Storage and Terminais (Of	illeu States o	Canada			۰, ۰		-			
	LTM ⁽²⁾		Stock Price	% of 52-Week	Market	Total Enterprise	TEV / LTM		Net Debt ⁽⁴⁾ /	
Company	Revenues	EBITDA	Margin	09/30/21	High	Сар	Value ⁽³⁾	Revenues	EBITDA	EBITDA
Alliant Energy Corporation	\$3,559	\$1,406	39.5%	\$55.98	89.8%	\$14,009	\$21,505	6.0×	15.3x	5.2x
AltaGas Ltd.	7,215	1,190	16.5	19.76	92.8	5,537	13,153	1.8x	II.Ix	5.4x
Blueknight Energy Partners, L.P.	115	52	44.9	3.05	71.6	127	(138)	(1.2)x	(2.7)x	2.1x
Chart Industries, Inc.	1,251	194	15.5	191.11	92.6	6,952	7,495	6.0x	38.7x	3.7x
EnLink Midstream, LLC	5,676	976	17.2	6.82	92.9	3,332	9,581	1.7x	9.8x	4.6x
Equitrans Midstream Corporation	1,437	1,146	79.7	10.14	96.6	4,386	12,380	8.6x	10.8x	6.0x
Gibson Energy Inc.	5,072	275	5.4	18.40	86.2	2,696	3,931	0.8x	14.3x	4.6x
Green Plains Partners LP	81	52	64.9	13.23	96.3	307	403	5.0×	7.7×	1.7x
Magellan Midstream Partners, L.P.	2,587	1,170	45.2	45.58	84.6	10,099	15,011	5.8x	12.8x	4.5×
MPLX LP	9,238	4,951	53.6	28.47	90.7	29,105	50,679	5.5x	10.2x	3.8x
NuStar Energy L.P.	1,588	710	44.7	15.74	75.9	1,724	6,565	4.1x	9.3×	4.8x
Median			44.7%		90.7%			5.0x	10.8x	4.6x
Mean			38.8%		88.2%			4.0x	12.5x	4.2x

⁽¹⁾ Matching public companies to middle-market companies is an imperfect comparable analysis due to the variables of size, equipment, markets, etc. Nonetheless JKC's research has yielded this list as the closest available.

⁽²⁾ LTM is defined as last twelve months.

⁽³⁾ Total Enterprise Value is defined as market capitalization plus total debt less cash and cash equivalents.

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STORAGE AND TERMINALS

Announced / Closed Date	Target(s)	Acquirer	Total Enterprise Value (TEV)	TEV / Revenues	TEV / EBITD/	
10/26/2021	Oasis Midstream Partners LP (NasdagGS:OMP)	Crestwood Equity Partners LP (NYSE:CEQP)	\$1,807.8	4.8×	8.1x	
8/5/2021	BP Midstream Partners LP (NYSE:BPMP)	BP Midstream Partners Holdings LLC	\$1,826.9	14.5×	9.3x	
6/1/2021	Stagecoach Gas Services LLC	Kinder Morgan, Inc. (NYSE:KMI)	\$1,225.0	-	10.0x	
2/17/2021	Enable Midstream Partners, LP (NYSE:ENBL)	Energy Transfer LP (NYSE:ET)	\$7,329.7	3.1x	9.5x	
2/10/2021	Inter Pipeline Ltd. (TSX:IPL)	Brookfield Infrastructure Partners L.P. (NYSE:BIP)	\$13,857.6	6.5x	17.2x	
8/24/2020	Cheniere Energy Partners, LP (AMEX:CQP)	Brookfield Infrastructure Partners LP (NYSE:BIP) and Blackstone Infrastructure Partners, LP	\$17,027.5	5.1x	11.3x	
7/27/2020	CNX Midstream Partners LP (NYSE:CNXM)	CNX Resources Corporation (NYSE:CNX)	\$764.2	5.1x	6.6x	
2/27/2020	EQM Midstream Partners, LP	Equitrans Midstream Corporation (NYSE:ETRN)	\$4,395.8	7.6x	8.1x	
9/16/2019	SemGroup Corporation (NYSE:SEMG)	Energy Transfer LP (NYSE:ET)	\$4,991.7	2.1x	13.5×	
8/27/2019	Tallgrass Energy, LP (NYSE:TGE)	The Blackstone Group Inc. (NYSE:BX)	\$9,337.3	8.9x	11.2x	
8/21/2019	Kinder Morgan Canada Limited (TSX:KML)	Pembina Pipeline Corporation (TSX:PPL)	\$2,294.7	4.4x	16.3x	
5/10/2019	Buckeye Partners, LP (NYSE:BPL)	IFM Global Infrastructure Fund	\$10,500.3	2.7x	18.6x	
11/8/2018	Western Gas Partners, LP (NYSE:WES)	Western Gas Equity Partners, LP (NYSE:WGP)	\$13,427.9	6.5x	12.0x	
10/22/2018	EnLink Midstream Partners, LP (NYSE:ENLK)	EnLink Midstream, LLC (NYSE:ENLC)	\$12,923.5	1.7x	12.2x	
10/18/2018	Valero Energy Partners LP	Valero Energy Corporation (NYSE:VLO)	\$4,069.8	7.6x	10.5x	
9/19/2018	Dominion Energy Midstream Partners, LP (NYSE:DM)	Dominion Energy, Inc. (NYSE:D)	\$10,405.4	13.6x	19.7x	
8/1/2018	Energy Transfer Partners, LP (NYSE:ETP)	Energy Transfer Equity, LP (NYSE:ETE)	\$69,412.3	2.1x	10.8x	
7/30/2018	Four Corners Area Assets	Harvest Midstream Company	\$1,125.0	-	13.2x	
7/10/2018	Transmontaigne Partners LP (NYSE:TLP)	TLP Acquisition Holdings LLC	\$1,254.3	6.1x	11.5x	
6/29/2018	Boardwalk Pipeline Partners, LP	Boardwalk GP LP	\$6,792.1	5.3x	8.3x	
5/17/2018	Enbridge Energy Partners, LP (NYSE:EEP)	Enbridge Inc. (TSX:ENB)	\$15,925.8	6.6x	10.1x	
4/30/2018	Andeavor (NYSE:ANDV)	Marathon Petroleum Corporation (NYSE:MPC)	\$35,101.9	0.9x	12.7x	

⁽I) Total Enterprise Value is defined as market capitalization plus total debt less cash and cash equivalents.





PIPELINES

EQUITY COMPARABLES (1)

Oil and Gas Pipelines (United States & Canada)

				Stock	% of		Total			
	LTM ⁽²⁾			Price	52-Week	Market	Enterprise	TEV / LTM		Net Debt ⁽⁴⁾ /
Company	Revenues	EBITDA	Margin	09/30/21	High	Сар	Value ⁽³⁾	Revenues	EBITDA	EBITDA
Antero Midstream Corporation	\$956	\$737	77.0%	\$10.42	96.3%	\$4,975	\$8,062	8.4x	10.9x	4.2x
ATCO Ltd.	3,221	1,210	37.6	32.13	88.0	3,670	13,756	4.3x	11.4x	6.0x
Blueknight Energy Partners, L.P.	115	52	44.9	3.05	71.6	127	(138)	(1.2)x	(2.7)x	2.1x
Crestwood Equity Partners LP	3,843	434	11.3	28.38	83.6	1,785	5,475	1.4x	12.6x	4.7x
Enbridge Inc.	35,242	9,180	26.0	39.91	98.3	80,845	143,155	4.1x	15.6x	6.1x
Energy Transfer LP	58,794	12,330	21.0	9.58	82.9	25,913	87,224	1.5x	7.1x	3.7x
Enterprise Products Partners L.P.	36,481	7,900	21.7	21.64	84.2	47,292	76,899	2.1x	9.7x	3.5x
Equitrans Midstream Corporation	1,437	1,146	79.7	10.14	96.6	4,386	12,380	8.6x	10.8x	6.0x
Evolve Transition Infrastructure LP	57	20	34.5	1.06	54.9	81	517	9.1x	26.4x	22.3x
Genesis Energy, L.P.	1,997	353	17.7	9.97	78.0	1,222	5,620	2.8x	15.9x	9.5x
Gibson Energy Inc.	5,072	275	5.4	18.40	86.2	2,696	3,931	0.8x	14.3x	4.6x
Kinder Morgan, Inc.	15,300	6,559	42.9	16.73	86.7	37,919	70,824	4.6x	10.8x	5.0x
ONEOK, Inc.	13,690	3,083	22.5	57.99	97.0	25,844	39,886	2.9x	12.9x	4.6x
Plains All American Pipeline, L.P.	35,052	1,825	5.2	10.17	82.1	7,296	19,902	0.6x	10.9x	5.1x
Summit Midstream Partners, LP	399	176	44.1	35.55	76.2	240	1,793	4.5x	10.2x	7.5x
Targa Resources Corp.	14,081	2,147	15.2	49.21	97.4	11,252	21,979	1.6x	10.2x	3.1x
The Williams Companies, Inc.	9,899	4,223	42.7	25.94	91.5	31,516	56,337	5.7x	13.3x	5.2x
TC Energy Corporation	10,361	6,580	63.5	48.21	93.2	47,210	89,010	8.6x	13.5×	6.2x
Western Midstream Partners, LP	2,805	1,723	61.4	20.96	88.5	8,658	15,903	5.7x	9.2×	4.1x

Median	34.5%	86.7%	4.1x	10.9x	5.0x
Mean	35.5%	86.0%	4.0x	11.8x	6.0x

⁽¹⁾ Matching public companies to middle-market companies is an imperfect comparable analysis due to the variables of size, equipment, markets, etc. Nonetheless JKC's research has yielded this list as the closest available.

⁽²⁾ LTM is defined as last twelve months.

⁽³⁾ Total Enterprise Value is defined as market capitalization plus total debt less cash and cash equivalents.

⁽⁴⁾ Net Debt is defined as total debt less cash and cash equivalents.

PIPELINES

Announced / Closed Date	Target(s)	Acquirer	Total Enterprise Value (TEV)	TEV / Revenues	TEV / EBITD
8/5/2021	BP Midstream Partners LP (NYSE:BPMP)	BP Midstream Partners Holdings LLC	\$1,826.9	14.5x	9.3x
6/1/2021	Stagecoach Gas Services LLC	Kinder Morgan, Inc. (NYSE:KMI)	\$1,225.0	-	10.0x
2/17/2021	Enable Midstream Partners, LP (NYSE:ENBL)	Energy Transfer LP (NYSE:ET)	\$7,329.7	3.1x	9.5x
2/10/2021	Inter Pipeline Ltd. (TSX:IPL)	Brookfield Infrastructure Partners L.P. (NYSE:BIP)	\$13,857.6	6.5×	17.2x
10/5/2020	TC PipeLines, LP (NYSE:TCP)	TC Energy Corporation (TSX:TRP)	\$2,213.6	7.4x	9.0x
7/27/2020	CNX Midstream Partners LP (NYSE:CNXM)	CNX Resources Corporation (NYSE:CNX)	\$764.2	5.1x	6.6x
2/27/2020	EQM Midstream Partners, LP	Equitrans Midstream Corporation (NYSE:ETRN)	\$4,395.8	7.6x	8.1x
9/16/2019	SemGroup Corporation (NYSE:SEMG)	Energy Transfer LP (NYSE:ET)	\$4,991.7	2.1x	13.5×
8/27/2019	Tallgrass Energy, LP (NYSE:TGE)	The Blackstone Group Inc. (NYSE:BX)	\$9,337.3	8.9x	11.2x
8/21/2019	Kinder Morgan Canada Limited (TSX:KML)	Pembina Pipeline Corporation (TSX:PPL)	\$2,294.7	4.4x	16.3×
5/10/2019	Buckeye Partners, LP (NYSE:BPL)	IFM Global Infrastructure Fund	\$10,500.3	2.7x	18.6×
11/8/2018	Western Gas Partners, LP (NYSE:WES)	Western Gas Equity Partners, LP (NYSE:WGP)	\$13,427.9	6.5x	12.0×
10/18/2018	Valero Energy Partners LP	Valero Energy Corporation (NYSE:VLO)	\$4,069.8	7.6x	10.5×
10/9/2018	Antero Midstream Partners LP (NYSE:AM)	Antero Midstream GP LP (NYSE:AMGP)	\$7,359.7	7.7x	11.5×
9/28/2018	American Midstream Partners, LP (NYSE:AMID)	ArcLight Capital Partners, LLC	\$1,595.1	2.0x	14.2x
7/10/2018	Transmontaigne Partners LP (NYSE:TLP)	TLP Acquisition Holdings LLC	\$1,254.3	6.1x	11.5×
5/17/2018	Williams Partners LP	The Williams Companies, Inc. (NYSE:WMB)	\$57,090.5	7.0x	14.1×
5/17/2018	Enbridge Energy Partners, LP (NYSE:EEP)	Enbridge Inc. (TSX:ENB)	\$15,925.8	6.6x	10.1x
5/10/2018	Amberjack Pipeline Company LLC	Shell Midstream Partners, LP (NYSE:SHLX)	\$1,928.7	8.2x	9.4x
3/26/2018	Tallgrass Energy Partners, LP (NYSE:TEP)	Tallgrass Equity, LLC	\$4,176.5	6.4x	6.9x
8/15/2017	Western Refining Logistics, LP (NYSE:WNRL)	Andeavor Logistics LP (NYSE:ANDX)	\$1,843.8	0.8x	14.4x
12/20/2016	Howard Midstream Partners, LP	Alberta Investment Management Corporation	\$1,394.7	4.3x	14.4x

⁽I) Total Enterprise Value is defined as market capitalization plus total debt less cash and cash equivalents.





TRUCKERS

EQUITY COMPARABLES (1)

Truckers (United States & Canada)

		LTM ⁽²⁾	Stock % of		Total Enterprise TEV / LTM			Net Debt ⁽⁴⁾ /		
-	B		Manaia	Price	52-Week	Market	Enterprise			•
Company	Revenues	EBITDA	Margin	09/30/21	High	Сар	Value ⁽³⁾	Revenues	EBITDA	EBITDA
Adams Resources & Energy, Inc.	\$1,630	\$38	2.3%	\$30.37	80.6%	\$129	\$71	0.0x	1.9x	(1.7)x
ArcBest Corporation	3,611	330	9.1	81.77	87.0	2,090	2,021	0.6x	6.1x	(0.3)x
Covenant Logistics Group, Inc.	977	110	11.2	27.65	93.6	465	553	0.6x	5.0×	0.6x
Daseke, Inc.	1,498	183	12.2	9.21	91.2	574	1,243	0.8x	6.8x	3.1x
Heartland Express, Inc.	615	176	28.6	16.02	78.7	1,273	1,106	1.8x	6.3×	(1.0)x
Hess Corporation	6,402	3,299	51.5	78.11	85.8	24,039	31,597	4.9x	9.6x	2.1x
J.B. Hunt Transport Services, Inc.	11,409	1,481	13.0	167.22	90.7	17,591	18,476	1.6x	12.5×	0.7x
Knight-Swift Transportation Holdings Inc.	5,459	1,331	24.4	51.15	94.7	8,490	9,288	1.7x	7.0×	1.5x
Landstar System, Inc.	5,892	491	8.3	157.82	86.4	6,041	5,956	1.0x	12.1x	(0.2)x
Marten Transport, Ltd.	934	201	21.5	15.69	82.2	1,300	1,221	1.3x	6.1x	(0.4)x
Old Dominion Freight Line, Inc.	4,919	1,532	31.1	285.98	94.0	33,119	32,570	6.6x	21.3x	(0.3)x
P.A.M. Transportation Services, Inc.	636	137	21.5	44.98	94.7	503	711	l.lx	5.2×	1.4x
Patriot Transportation Holding, Inc.	81	8	9.4	11.40	86.7	39	31	0.4x	4.0x	(1.2)x
Parkland Corporation	14,842	897	6.0	28.15	78.9	4,276	7,777	0.5×	8.7x	3.9x
Ryder System, Inc.	9,276	2,540	27.4	82.71	92.3	4,448	10,668	1.2x	4.2x	2.4x
Saia, Inc.	2,148	423	19.7	238.03	91.9	6,246	6,362	3.0x	15.0x	0.1x
Schneider National, Inc.	5,299	761	14.4	22.74	83.8	4,040	3,808	0.7x	5.0×	(0.3)x
TFI International Inc.	6,202	813	13.1	102.49	88.3	9,534	11,488	1.9x	14.1x	2.3x
Titanium Transportation Group Inc.	280	14	4.9	2.36	68.7	103	173	0.6x	12.7x	5.5x
Universal Logistics Holdings, Inc.	1,670	174	10.4	20.08	71.8	541	1,056	0.6x	6.1x	3.0x
USA Truck, Inc.	668	69	10.4	15.28	69.8	129	291	0.4x	4.2x	2.2x
Werner Enterprises, Inc.	2,589	514	19.8	44.27	89.0	3,007	3,126	1.2x	6.1x	0.6x
Yellow Corporation	4,977	204	4.1	5.65	55.4	290	1,668	0.3x	8.2x	6.8x
Median			13.0%		86.7%			1.0x	6.3x	0.7x
Mean			16.3%		84 2%			I 4v	8 2 v	1.3v

Median	13.0%	86.7%	1.0x	6.3x	0.7x
Mean	16.3%	84.2%	1.4x	8.2x	1.3x

⁽¹⁾ Matching public companies to middle-market companies is an imperfect comparable analysis due to the variables of size, equipment, markets, etc. Nonetheless JKC's research has yielded this list as the closest available.

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Net Debt is defined as total debt less cash and cash equivalents.

TRUCKERS

Announced / Closed Date	Target(s)	Acquirer	Total Enterprise Value (TEV)	TEV / Revenues	TEV / EBITD#
2/19/2020	Performance Team LLC	A.P. Møller - Mærsk A/S (CPSE:MAERSK B)	\$545.0	1.0x	6.1x
11/5/2018	CaseStack, Inc.	Hub Group, Inc. (NasdaqGS:HUBG)	\$255.0	l.lx	11.6x
8/31/2018	Mode Transportation, LLC	York Capital Management	\$238.5	-	10.0x
12/7/2017	Keen Transport, Inc.	Wallenius Wilhelmsen ASA (OB:WALWIL)	\$64.0	0.8x	6.4x
7/19/2016	Span-Alaska Transportation, Inc.	Matson Logistics, Inc.	\$197.6	-	9.4x
5/2/2016	Trimac Transportation Ltd.	Trimac Corporation	\$215.9	-	5.9x
9/9/2015	Con-way Inc.	XPO Logistics, Inc. (NYSE:XPO)	\$3,057.0	-	6.2x
8/17/2015	Liberty International Inc.	Janel Corporation (OTCPK:JANL)	\$2.3	-	26.6x
7/28/2015	Stagecoach Cartage and Distribution, LLC	Roadrunner Transportation Systems, Inc. (NYSE:RRTS)	\$40.0	-	5.7x
5/25/2015	Hodges Trucking Company, LLC	Rodan Transport (U.S.A.) Ltd.	\$42.0	-	3.0x
5/6/2015	Quality Distribution Inc.	Apax Partners LLP	\$823.3	-	12.0x
5/4/2015	Bridge Terminal Transport Inc.	XPO Logistics, Inc. (NYSE:XPO)	\$100.0	-	8.1x
4/21/2015	Command Transportation, LLC	Echo Global Logistics, Inc. (NasdaqGS:ECHO)	\$391.0	-	10.6x
1/20/2015	Wheels Group Inc.	Radiant Global Logistics Ltd.	\$80.1	-	13.5x

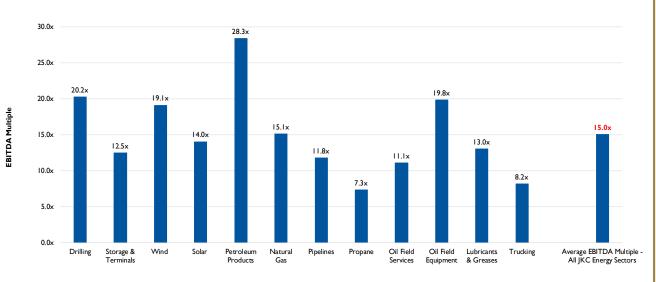
⁽I) Total Enterprise Value is defined as market capitalization plus total debt less cash and cash equivalents.





AVERAGE PUBLIC EBITDA TRADING MULTIPLES

ALL JKC ENERGY SECTORS (AS OF 9/30/2021)



■ Average Public EBITDA Trading Multiple (as of 9/30/2021)

PETROLEUM PRODUCTS (1)

- U.S. crude oil production averaged 11.3 million barrels per day in 2020, down 8% from the record annual average high in 2019. The 2020 decrease was the largest annual decline in the U.S. Energy Information Administration's records. The decline resulted from reduced drilling activity related to low oil prices.
- The Federal Offshore Gulf of Mexico saw the largest decrease in crude oil production, falling by 13% in 2020. Several hurricanes and tropical storms struck the Gulf of Mexico last year, causing operators to evacuate platforms and shut in production.
- In 2020, more crude oil was produced in Texas than in any other state or region of the United States, accounting for 43% of the national total.
- The largest statewide increase in crude oil production in 2020 was in New Mexico, where it increased by 15% to a record annual average high.

NATURAL GAS (2)

- In 2020, the United States became the world's third-largest LNG exporter, behind Australia and Qatar. Once new LNG liquefaction units in Louisiana are placed in service by the end of 2022, the United States will have the world's largest LNG export capacity.
- The number of natural gas-directed rigs—rigs drilled primarily in natural gas-bearing formations—decreased throughout 2019 and the first half of 2020. By August 2020, the natural gas-directed rig count had fallen to 68 rigs, the fewest since 1987. The number of natural gas-directed rigs increased to 102 in November 2021.

Propane and Heating/Fuel Oil (3)

- Propane is a very effective heating agent because it has a high energy density compared to other traditional fuels like heating oil. Therefore, it can offer much better heating performance compared to other fuel sources. An electric boiler can take an hour to heat an entire hot water tank, while a propane heater can do the job in as little as 20 minutes. Diversified Energy
- The United States imports heating oil from other countries to supplement U.S. refinery production and inventories. Most U.S. imports of distillate (heating oil) come from Canada and are imported into the East Coast, where most of U.S. residential sector heating oil consumption occurs.

⁽I) U.S. Energy Information Administration.

⁽²⁾ U.S. Energy Information Administration.

⁽³⁾ Diversified Energy and U.S. Energy Information Administration.





LUBRICANTS AND GREASES (1)

- While lithium is used as a thickener in about 70% of total global grease production, there has been a gradual decline in recent years.
- Alternatives such as anhydrous calcium and calcium sulfonate have seen increased production and use, particularly outside of North America.
- Biobased lubricants are sustainable, non-toxic and biodegradable. This broad range of products can often outperform conventional lubricants and are used for gear oils, compressor oils, hydraulic fluids and metalworking fluids.

SOLAR (2)

- In 2020, renewable energy sources (including wind, hydroelectric, solar, biomass and geothermal energy) generated a record 834 billion kilowatthours (kWh) of electricity, or about 21% of all the electricity generated in the United States. Only natural gas (1,617 billion kWh) produced more electricity than renewables in the United States in 2020.
- Utility-scale solar generation (from projects greater than I megawatt) increased 26%, and small-scale solar, such as grid-connected rooftop solar panels, increased 19%.

WIND (3)

- In 2020, U.S. electricity generation from renewables increased 9%. Wind, currently the most prevalent source of renewable electricity in the United States, grew 14%.
- Renewables surpassed both nuclear (790 billion kWh) and coal (774 billion kWh) for the first time on record.
- The U.S. Energy Information Administration expects U.S. renewable generation across all sectors to increase 7% in 2021 and 10% in 2022.

⁽I) Lubes n Greases Magazine.

⁽²⁾ U.S. Energy Information Administration.

⁽³⁾ U.S. Energy Information Administration.

OIL AND GAS FIELD SERVICES (1)

- Exploration and production companies do not usually own their own drilling equipment or employ a drilling rig staff. Instead, they hire contract drilling companies to drill wells for them.
- The contract drilling companies generally charge for their services based on the amount of time they work. Drillers do not generate revenue that is tied directly to oil and gas production.
- Day rate refers to all in daily costs of renting a drilling rig and makes up about half of the cost of an oil well. The operator of a drilling project pays a day rate to the drilling contractor who provides the rig, the drilling personnel and other incidentals.

EQUIPMENT AND PHYSICAL TECHNOLOGY (2)

- Artificial intelligence (AI) technologies hold great promise for improving predictability in the utility sector and may lead to industrywide improvements that can make renewable sources of energy more practical on a wider scale.
- Al can improve the reliability of solar and wind power by analyzing enormous amounts of meteorological data and using this information to make predictions.
- Al can also aid in integrating microgrids and managing distributed energy at the utility level.

STORAGE AND TERMINALS (3)

- Stanlow Terminals, based in northwest England, announced a three-year plan to develop the UK's largest biofuels storage hub.
- The Stanlow Manufacturing Complex and Tranmere Terminal in the Port of Liverpool will have a capacity of 300,000 m³, and will allow customers to store, blend and distribute biofuels suitable as drop-in replacement transport fuels for the road, aviation and marine sectors.

⁽I) Watson Post.

⁽²⁾ BizTech.

⁽³⁾ Tank Storage Magazine.





Pipelines (1)

- Overall U.S. pipeline capacity utilization is at around 50%, compared with a range of 60% to 70% in early 2020.
- Numerous pipelines were built in the Permian Basin in Texas and New Mexico the largest U.S. oilfield while oil production surged between 2017 and 2020.

TRUCKERS (2)

- In terms of acquisitions, 2021 was an especially busy year for trucking with various factors creating an ideal market for buyers and sellers.
- The challenges around getting drivers and not having access to trucks has made acquisitions more of a necessity and opened up the pool of potential buyers that weren't making acquisitions in the past.
- Some other factors at play include a strong stock market, low interest rates, and healthy balance sheets.

⁽I) Pipeline & Gas Journal.

⁽²⁾ Transport Topics.

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ABOUT JORDAN KNAUFF & COMPANY

Jordan Knauff & Company was founded in 2001 to undertake a distinct mission: to assemble and maintain a staff of top-notch investment banking personnel and offer their knowledge and experience to provide the best available investment banking services to middle-market companies, the entrepreneurs who lead them and the financial entities that transact with them. On a combined basis, over the course of their careers our employees have completed over 200 transactions as investors, owners, operators, buyers, sellers and investment bankers of middle-market businesses across a variety of industries. The majority of our firm's broad transaction experience has been with private companies owned by one shareholder, a partnership, a family or private equity investors.



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ENERGY EQUIPMENT & INFRASTRUCTURE ALLIANCE



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ABOUT THE ENERGY EQUIPMENT & INFRASTRUCTURE ALLIANCE

EEIA is a Washington, D.C.-based trade association representing the North American natural gas and petroleum production, transportation and processing infrastructure supply chain. That supply chain is comprised of 60 industries that provide construction, equipment, materials, services and supplies to energy infrastructure and operations. EEIA advocates for sound legislative and regulatory policies at the federal and state levels. Its members include companies, trade associations and labor organizations operating in the energy sector. EEIA advocates for industries both directly with policymakers, and through mobilization of business leaders and workers to act and speak for the value and benefits of full and responsible development of energy resources in their communities and with their political leaders.



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